BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | BANGOR, ME., THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 28, 1875. | VOLUME XLII---NUMBER 24.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

[illegible]

At No. 1, Last End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

[illegible]

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

[illegible]

AGENCIES

[illegible]

Business Cards.

A NEW SENSATION!

The Champoo Bath,

[illegible]

31 Central Street,

[illegible]

WM. M. ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

And Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

HOULTON, MAINE

Frank M. Rowe,

Successor to

BLOOD & ROWE,

[illegible]

AGENTS FOR

HALL, BRADLEY & CO.'S

Celebrated

PURE WHITE LEAD,

131 EXCHANGE STREET.

FILES-------FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

1000 Dozen Files

[illegible]

The Lowest Prices,

[illegible]

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual

JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

H. W. & H. S. HOBBS.

Practical Slaters and Contractors

[illegible]

MARINE INSURANCE.

BOSTON MARINE INSURANCE CO.,

[illegible] STATE STREET, BOSTON

Cash Capital, $300,000.

[illegible]

TAGS. DENNISON'S Patent Tags

FOR SALE at this OFFICE.

[illegible]

ENGINES & BOILERS.

Stationary and Portable.

[illegible]

WINCHESTER & HIGHT'S

Machinery Depot,

[illegible] BOSTON

P. BARNES,

Baggage and City Express,

[illegible]

Dissolution of Copartnership.

[illegible] CALDWELL SWEET. ISAIAH R. EMERY.

[illegible] CALDWELL SWEET.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The firm of SAWTELLE & DRESSER is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands against said firm will settle with C. O. SAWTELLE, and all indebted will make immediate payment to the same.

C. O. SAWTELLE.
M. W. DRESSER.

Bangor Jan 11th 1875

Notice of Copartnership.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of Berry & Co., for the transaction of a General Commission business and Receivers of Flour. Office No. 15 Broad St.

N. L. BERRY,
JOHN C. BERRY

Bangor, Jan 1, 1875

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Furs for Ladies, Misses and Children,

At Low Prices. My Goods are prime and well made. Also, Women's and Misses Snow Boots. Call and examine.

THOMAS HERSEY.

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas John D. Fuller of Hermon, on the 30th day of August 1873, by his mortgage deed of that date, conveyed to me the undersigned a certain lot of land lying in the town of Hermon, and described as follows, viz: Commencing at a stake in the north westerly line of the Billings road, at the southwest corner of a lot formerly owned by James Clark, now by William Andrews, thence [illegible] and the conditions of said mortgage having been broken, I now claim to foreclose the same.

NANCY A. MOORE.

Bangor, January 20, 1875.

Notice of Foreclosure

Whereas Marinda L. Lothrop [illegible]

EPHRAIM H. HALL

By WILSON & WOODARD, his Attorneys.

Bangor Dec 1874

Commissioners' Notice

PENOBSCOT SS. November 23, A. D. 1874

We, the undersigned, having been duly appointed [illegible]

JOHN D. [illegible] SCOTT late of Exeter

[illegible]

Sheriff's Sale.

[illegible]

J. H. MAYO, Deputy Sheriff

Crescent Spectacles.

IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT!

[illegible]

Sufferers, Rejoice!

CORNS REMOVED WITHOUT PAIN.

By FRANK STETSON, Head of Park St

[illegible]

Notice of Foreclosure

[illegible]

MICHAEL J. WALSH

BROWN'S Vegetable Lung Relief

[illegible]

J. W. PERKINS & CO., Wholesale Agents, PORTLAND, ME.

Manufactured by DR. L. T. BROWN, SOUTH WEYMOUTH, Mass

[illegible]

To the Honorable Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court next to be holden at Bangor, within and for the County of Penobscot, on the first Tuesday of January A. D. 1875.

Respectfully represents Alvenia D. Philbrick of Dixmont [illegible] that she was lawfully married to Charles D. Philbrick [illegible]

Wherefore, and because it will be reasonable and proper, conducive to domestic harmony and consistent with the peace and morality of society, your libellant prays that the bonds of matrimony between her and her said husband may be dissolved [illegible]

ALVENIA D. PHILBRICK

PENOBSCOT SS., Dec. 28, 1874.

Personally appeared the above named Alvenia D. Philbrick and made oath [illegible]

W. T. HILLIARD

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS. Supreme Judicial Court, January Term, 1875.

ALVENIA D. PHILBRICK v. [illegible]

On the foregoing libel, ordered, That the libelant give notice to said libelee [illegible] by publishing an attested copy of the libel and this order of court thereon, three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a paper published in Bangor, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the first Tuesday of April next, that he may then appear in said Court, to be holden at Bangor within and for said county, and show cause if any he have, why the prayer of said libel should not be granted.

Attest, [illegible]

A true copy of libel and order [illegible]

Attest, [illegible]

Annual Statement of the Finances of the County of Penobscot, from December 26, 1873, to January 1, 1875.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT

In account with HORACE J. NICKERSON, Cr

By balance in Treasury last settlement	$14,090 31
By amount of uncollected county tax as per last settlement	[illegible]
By amount of uncollected taxes for repair of roads as per last settlement	[illegible]
By amount of uncollected taxes for building a road in Township No 1 N D, as per last settlement	3 13
By amount received of P. C. Brett, Clerk, for surplus fees in 1873	22 40
By amount received of P. C. Brett, Clerk, for fines and costs	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT

In account with HORACE J. NICKERSON, Dr

[illegible]

To amount of tax assessed for repair of roads in [illegible]	[illegible]
To balance on hand	[illegible]
	$90,7[illegible]

[illegible]

HORACE J. NICKERSON,

County Treasurer.

Bangor, Dec 31, 1874

Notice of Foreclosure

[illegible]

JOSIAH STRATTON

Foreclosure Notice.

BANGOR SAVINGS BANK of Bangor [illegible] gives notice that [illegible] LEAVITT of said Bangor, by his deed [illegible]

Dated at Bangor this [illegible] day of January A. D. [illegible]

[illegible] BANK
[illegible], Treasurer

Sheriff's Sale.

[illegible]

Executor's Notice.

[illegible]

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS

R. H. EDDY.

Solicitor of Patents.

For Inventions, Trade Marks and Designs,

No. 76 State St., opposite Kilby St., Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments, and all papers for Patents executed on reasonable terms, with dispatch. Researches made to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. [illegible]

TESTIMONIALS

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man more competent and trustworthy [illegible]"

EDMUND BURKE

[illegible]

JOHN TAGGART

C. W. CHANDLER,

Formerly Junior Partner of the firm of J. P. MERRILL & CO.

[illegible]

First Class Pictures

AT LOWEST PRICES

[illegible]

OIL, INK, AND WATER COLORS

[illegible]

At Greatly Reduced Rates

Corner of Main Street and West Market Square.

BAYO MINE

QUININE HAIR TONIC.

Something which has long been needed

[illegible]

NEW BOOKS.

[illegible]

D. BUGBEE & CO

GREAT SLAUGHTER

A WHOLE FAMILY CLOTHED

For a Little Money

J. WATERMAN

[illegible]

OVERCOATS, REEFERS & SUITS,

[illegible]

J. WATERMAN,

77 Exchange Street, Bangor.

GREAT OPENING SALE

AT THE

New Mechanic's Clothing Store.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps,

Boots and Rubbers.

36 MERCANTILE SQUARE 36

BANGOR

[illegible]

36 *Mercantile Square.* 36

M. SCHMUCKLER.

Pierce's Rheumatic Cure

FOR RHEUMATISM & NEURALGIA.

A TRIED AND SURE CURE

This remedy is the result of the research of one of the proprietors who had been a great sufferer for years, and who had tried all the advertised remedies and the skill of many physicians without obtaining relief. A radical cure was obtained and numerous similar cures effected among his friends and acquaintances with but an exception have induced him to put it before the public. It was got up without a thought of making it an article of merchandise. But the numerous and increasing demands for it, as its merits have become known, have induced him to advertise it for the benefit of sufferers like himself.

It is an infallible remedy if persistently used for those painful maladies of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, as testimonials too abundant to give in this advertisement, will show. Among those testimonials are those of Mrs. Judge Appleton, R. M. Talcott, J. M. Morrill (foreman of Hinckley and Holt's Foundry), C. H. Emery, and others of Bangor; W. J. Mitchell (of the Eveleth House, Moosehead Lake), Alvardo R. Orcutt, of Eddington, a sufferer for fourteen years, and at times helpless, having tried the best known remedies and three skillful physicians without effect, after using seven [illegible] has been restored to health, and gives his grateful testimonial.

It is an internal remedy, acting on the blood, freeing it from impurities and imparting free and healthy action to the system. It may be used by children and those of the most delicate constitution with perfect safety. Full directions with each bottle.

Price per bottle $1 00. Liberal discount to the trade. For sale by Druggists generally.

Address orders to Manufacturers and Proprietors.

PIERCE BROTHERS,

Bangor, Me.

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

[illegible] WADLEY, late of Exeter,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

[illegible] D. BUTTERS, Adm'r

Exeter, Dec. 29, 1874.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834 --- Weekly 1815

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES

[illegible]

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

THE PACIFIC MAIL SUBSIDY—WHITE LAW BUIDS [illegible] IRWIN, SCHUMACHER AND THE REST—WHERE DID THE MONEY GO?

WASHINGTON D. C., Jan 23, 1875.

The Louisiana matter has had a breathing spell since my last communication but the Pacific Mail comedy has continued to occupy the board with varying success, according to the reputation of the actors in the cast from day to day. Among the stars of the week just closing, we have Mr. White law Reid, the man who has *found* [illegible] responsibility of the great paper that boasts of having been *founded* by Horace Greeley. Mr. Irwin, the great [illegible] fully contumacious [illegible] gloved [illegible] who boldly and bravely [illegible] authority of the House of Representatives and [illegible] *rotted in the District Jail* for [illegible] weeks in a horrible dungeon with a southern exposure, fitted up [illegible] with all modern conveniences expressly for the occasion, with a direct view to the [illegible] of the dining dish [illegible]. Mr. Schumacher, the three hundred [illegible] dollar gentleman who has forgotten everything that happened three years ago, and evinces a remarkable memory as to what did not happen at the same time, and Charles A. Wetmore, the little boy who sent more correspondence to the newspapers than [illegible] of the Pacific [illegible] [illegible] varying presentation of new attractions, of course, we would be confident of the success of the play. But the facts show that each successive star has proved a fail[ure].

LAST APPEARANCE OF WHITELAW REID

Whitelaw came, saw [illegible] failed, was arrested [illegible] gave bail, returned to New York and enrolled himself among those who have acted [illegible] in placing their names in the list of martyrs who have suffered for their devotion to the great principles of [independent] journalism and the inalienable right of [illegible] [illegible] Irwin [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in spoke of [illegible] [illegible] his [illegible] [illegible] of the Tribune [illegible] the truth [illegible] the utter [illegible] [illegible] his testimony [illegible] successor.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF IRWIN

Whitelaw was the attraction for only a single day at the capitol and a single hour at the Police Court, and he was gone. And then came Irwin, rushed [illegible] with a flourish of trumpets and a waving of banners. His [illegible] had been thrown open, [illegible] from his fettered limbs and he once more beheld the light of the sun and breathed the free air of Washington, all [illegible] impregnated with a strong smell of asphaltum from the [illegible] one street contractor. He had been deprived of that liberty which the Constitution of the United States is supposed to guarantee [illegible] to its subject for two weeks more or less. He came before the committee and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and its seven pillars of [illegible] moulding upon [illegible] [illegible] and the dramatic [illegible] heightened [illegible] but not with the brick-dust from his dungeon walls. His peculiar [illegible] suggested [illegible] the dungeon [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] He was on [illegible] in the [illegible] at the prospect before him. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company had passed a [illegible] but on he said, removing all those delicate obligations growing out of the confidential relations of client and counsel and Mr. Irwin's honor had no longer an excuse for withholding his testimony. He had pined in his dungeon, and thought of the time when day was beautiful and he longed for freedom. His only excuse was removed and his intention [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] they let him down. Forth from behind the snow white battlements of the District Jail he came and told his story. He corroborated the testimony charging $275,000 to Mr. Schumacher, Democratic member of Congress from Brooklyn, New York, and raised him $25,000, making $300,000 in all. He saw Bill King's $115,000 and went $10,000 'better' on him, making in all $125,000, and spoke of several other little games but when he was invited to express himself as to what they were supposed to have done with the money, his memory seemed to fail him. He showed a forgetfulness perfectly astounding for a man who, only three years ago, was considered competent to engineer an important measure through Congress and to expand nearly a million of dollars for the purpose and it once began to show signs of extreme illness. He says that he simply employed Mr. Schumacher to take charge of the subsidy in the House, and paid him $300,000 for his services, which sum had been previously agreed upon and which was contingent on the success of the measure. A similar statement was made in regard to the $145,000 paid to King. What these men did with the money, he does not know. Nearly all of the smaller amounts are satisfactorily accounted for, and the circumstances of disbursement are well remembered. The strangest part of the whole is, that the larger transactions are enveloped in so much mystery. Sandwiched between the two scenes in which Mr. Irwin has thus far appeared, came a minor farce, performed by

MR. SCHUMACHER, THE GREATEST NATURAL CLOWN LIVING,

who has certainly proved himself well fitted, either for an idiot asylum, or the penitentiary. If he lied in his testimony, he is the guiltiest man ever proved a perjurer. If he told the truth, and has really forgotten all that he pretends to have forgotten, he will be under the necessity of carrying the certificate of his Sunday school teacher in his pocket in order to remember that he has been elected to the 44th Congress. I was about to say that he ought to be placed under guardianship, but I don't think he is of sufficient account. He is harmless for the future, unless he changes his name. He came on the stage hesitatingly and bashfully, and begged of the committee the poor boon of being allowed to wait until after Irwin had given the whole of his testimony. Vainly he plead, for that inflexible, iron-hearted committee would not listen for a moment. He must come upon the stage and face the audience. Stricken and guiltily, he came forward and said that it had really been so long since the transactions traced to his door had been executed, that he had forgotten to whom he paid the money. About all that he seemed to have remembered was, that he *didn't* pay any to Boyd Winchester, then a member of Congress from Kentucky. This he quickly remembered, and a following up of that fact would have brought him face to face with the responsibilities of his part in the play. He is either a knave or a fool, and not only has ever yet been a failure of being the latter. He [illegible] certainly showed [illegible] [illegible] and that is in testifying that he has forgot [illegible] for it will surely be hard to prove that he has not. Bill King has [illegible] [illegible] to support Mr. Schumacher, but owing to the superior faculty of the sergeant-at-arms, Mr. Ordway, King has gone abroad. It is said that Canada now shelters him. Schumacher will probably play better after Irwin gets through. He will then have to find out just what he can safely gain or [illegible] and how much he [illegible] profit by for [illegible] Then a new attraction was

MASTER CHARLES A. WETMORE

a little lad of some thirty or forty years who came reluctantly to the front of the stage. Charley is one of the [illegible] [illegible] boys who have [illegible] Washington this fall. He sent a dispatch to the papers in the Pacific slope [illegible] that [illegible] and [illegible] or less positively [illegible] [illegible] that rumors said had [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mr. B[illegible] member of Congress of Kentucky, [illegible] gentlemen [illegible] [illegible] not disposed to [illegible] [illegible] Charley [illegible] [illegible] that Charley [illegible] before the committee. Charley [illegible] [illegible] had become [illegible] [illegible] who told him the naughty story that he had sent to the papers. Mr. Hilton [illegible] naughty looking early [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] you know just how Charley [illegible] [illegible] was examined upon that little [illegible] In the language of the [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] He wouldn't say anything to the point because he had nothing to the point to say, so the committee [illegible] him before the [illegible] of the House and [illegible] to get something more out of him; but he was pretty dry. They evidently took him the wrong way. I didn't [illegible] [illegible] He [illegible] his finger [illegible] [illegible] mouth and sulked and the great sergeant-at-arms took the little boy away. Next day the little fellow was sorry, and owned up, but nothing but a [illegible] boy he was forgiven. His mind felt very badly for the little fellow and said he wasn't well at all. He couldn't remember accurately, so he was forgiven over and over again and seemed likely to profit by the [illegible] that has [illegible] taught him by this little scare. If some one could only invent a plan for making county done [illegible] and pleasant Master Wetmore will try [illegible] [illegible] like it straight.

PROBABILITIES

If the truth can be arrived at, there is now but little doubt that it will [illegible] shown that Mr. Schumacher was only the vehicle by which three hundred thousand dollars was taken from the treasury of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company [illegible] to the private pockets of Messrs. Irwin and Stockwell.—Schumacher [illegible] course, [illegible] liberal [illegible] and Whiting will probably occupy [illegible] his position. The most [illegible] theory now suggested is that when Messrs. Irwin & Co. arrived in Washington in 1872 [illegible] the subsidy [illegible] found too strong [illegible] in favor of the measure. They wanted the bill to pass, but and still [illegible] [illegible] opposition [illegible] [illegible] they would have an excuse for drawing a large sum of money from the funds of the company and [illegible] would have small chance to steal [illegible] [illegible] account for the $50,000 [illegible] [illegible] on the ground that while the [illegible] opposition of his paper would be more [illegible] than that of any other [illegible] [illegible] influence [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] drawing a large amount [illegible] they could divide among themselves. In this division, Mr. Schumacher probably [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Irwin [illegible] Stockwell [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Next [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Irwin and Schumacher [illegible]

IRA.

THE LATEST FASHIONS

THE CORSET WAIST

The corset waist is the [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] dresses imported from Worth and other Paris [illegible] [illegible]. This waist has a low round neck and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] hips, fitting there as smoothly as French corsets. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] but one [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the back. The darts and [illegible] [illegible] slope in at the taper of the waist and [illegible] [illegible] on the stomach and hips, like the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] depth of the waist is the same all around and the edge is defined by simple pipings or cords; lace or fringe on the edge is said to detract from its style. The only trimming [illegible] bertha, and the half-long sleeves that are formed of a puff and [illegible] edged with a frill. Modistes say that this severely [illegible] corsage suits very few figures, as there are not many that can afford to have every outline displayed as this does. Figures of medium size look best in this waist, as those that are too stout or too thin have their defects exaggerated by it.

OTHER CORSAGES

The princess corsage, with waist and upper skirt cut in one, [illegible] illustrated in foreign fashion plates, but does not seem to find much favor here. The handsomest models [illegible] here have the fronts continued to form a square tablier while the back is shortened as a basque. This is a pretty style for dresses formed of two materials, such as plain silk for the skirt with velvet for the princess over dress and flounces. Watered striped silks and Chambery gauzes are also used for these over dresses. The corsage is then low, and is laced behind.— Other stylish low corsages have sharply pointed fronts with basque backs, and the regular pointed waist, with back and front alike, is still preferred by many. Quite young ladies use the low round Josephine waist that has a juvenile look, and is prettiest when worn with a wide belt, [illegible], and sash ribbons. Folded berthes, puffs, and plaited frills trim all low corsages. For high-necked waists the best style has the square basque back usually finished by four loops, instead of a postillion as was formerly the fashion. These loops are not pressed flatly, but are rounded out to show a lining of contrasting color.

SLEEVES, SKIRTS, AND SASHES.

The fashionable sleeves of evening dresses have a transparent puff introduced somewhere. If the sleeve is the demi-long antique shape, a sharp armor-like puff, pressed outward in the middle, is made of lace or of crepe lisse, and passed around the elbow; below this is a band of the dress material, with a frill of the lace used for garniture, and this brings the sleeve almost to the wrist. Short sleeves are a single puff of the diaphanous fabric used for trimming, or else they are longer than formerly, and have the band and frill of lace added, which make them reach almost to the elbow. The heavier the material of the dress is, the thinner and more gauzelike are the fabrics used for sleeves.

The three-quarters train is preferred for evening dresses; this is longer than the demi-train of carriage costumes, but far shorter than the extravagant train of two years ago. The novelty for black breadths is shirring them for several inches below the waist, making the skirt almost plain over the tournure; the effect is not good, and the innovation will hardly become popular. Far more graceful are the plaits extending showing a deep Watteau fold in a quadruple box plait from the waist to the floor.

COTTON GOODS

At this season of the year ladies begin to prepare for the summer campaign at the watering places, and for the mountains and country resorts. An abundance of wider clothing is a desideratum for those who spend months away from home, and at present low prices, this is within the reach of most limited purses. At date of writing New York Mills muslin is reduced to 15 cents a yard, and Wamsutta muslin to the same price. Fifteen yards of these excellent brands will [illegible] half a dozen [illegible] [illegible] either in the old fashioned [illegible] shape, or in the Princess [illegible] which is now so largely adopted. [illegible] yards of cambric will make the same number of pairs of drawers, and these should be trimmed to correspond with the chemises with which they are worn. For gowns and bottle [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] muslins, such as [illegible] [illegible] or the Fruit of the Loom.— [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] now only 12½ cents [illegible]

SPRING CALICOES

Bargains in light calicoes are offered to those who are content with the pretty patterns of last year. Merchants have offered their counters with their present stock [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] bargains [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 12½ cents a yard. [illegible] [illegible] with bars of color [illegible] [illegible] stripes [illegible] grounds prevail or else the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

LADIES' SHOES

The shoes worn by ladies at present [illegible]

—*[Harper's Bazar.*

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin

[illegible]

Cumberland

The Christian Mirror is to be enlarged [illegible]

A stable belonging to M. [illegible] was burned in Portland, Monday night.

Mr. Edward [illegible] of Standish was severely injured by being thrown from his sleigh in Portland [illegible]

[illegible] to Peaks Island [illegible] from Portland [illegible]

Hancock

The [illegible] Journal says that [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Kennebec

On Sunday afternoon last a man appeared at the railroad station in South Gardiner with his hand done up in [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the afternoon train from the West. The condition of his hand provoked inquiry as to what was the matter. He replied [illegible] just sawed off [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] mill. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] I guess. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] when it was considered that the man had to wait half an hour before proceeding to Gardiner, where [illegible] hoped to have his wound dressed.

Knox

An aged farmer named Harmon, of South Liberty, cut his throat with a razor on Sunday, the 10th inst., inflicting a gash an inch and a half inches deep. It is very doubtful if he recovers.

The primary examination of witnesses in the case of the McLoon brothers, [illegible] for loss of ship Louisa Hatch by the pirate Alabama, commenced in Rockland, Saturday.

Capt. Angrove, of steamer Georgia, arrived at Rockland, Monday, to look after the stuff saved from the wreck.

Joseph Thompson, a person of vagrant habits, was found in an unoccupied lime kiln, at Rockland, Monday night, nearly dead from exposure. He had been three [illegible] days. Prompt medical assistance was rendered and it is thought he will recover.

Oxford

The drouth is quite severe [illegible] Falls, many of the wells and springs having failed, and the oldest inhabitant does not recall the Ossipee river so low in the winter at any previous time, as at the present.

The general stagnation of business affects merchants and lumbermen, yet the business men of town and village are wide awake this winter.

In common with other parts of the State Waterford is still very much in need of a copious rain or at least a heavy thaw. The mills are nearly useless, being able to run not more than an hour or two in a day.— For a number of days the cold has been intense. In many cases wells that have not failed in consequence of the drought, have been securely locked by the frost.

Somerset

Good two feet and a half of snow in the woods in Madison. Signs of more.

There will be a Masonic installation at Skowhegan, Friday evening. Hon. J. H. Drummond will deliver an address.

The weather the first twenty days of Jan. averaged 30 below zero in Skowhegan. The oldest inhabitant shakes his head. He can't recall another so long, so cold, so dry a spell.

Amos Campbell [illegible] [illegible] Skowhegan and Bingham [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] sick sister at Castine, with some $800 or more that had been sent to the Express office [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] he bought a ticket at Danville Junction for Chicago and told the ticket agent there that he was going to San Francisco. It is supposed he had taken other sums.

Sagadahoc

Jos. M. Hayes, esq., of Bath, has been appointed commissioner to take testimony [illegible] to be used before the Alabama Claims Commission.

Waldo

[illegible]

Washington

[illegible]

Real Estate.

Wanted.

[illegible] Box 99 [illegible]

For Sale.

[illegible]

House for Sale.

[illegible]

For Rent.

[illegible]

For Rent.

[illegible]

Tenement for Rent.

[illegible]

House to Let.

104 [illegible]

For Rent.

[illegible]

Assignee's Sale.

[illegible] *Tuesday February 2d 1875 at 10 o'clock A. M.* [illegible]

To the Municipal Officers of Bangor

[illegible]

CITY OF BANGOR

[illegible]

Passed Jan 14 1875.

JOHN H. HAYNES, City Clerk

A true copy of petition and order thereon

Attest JOHN H. HAYNES, City Clerk.

Bangor Jan 20

Executor's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and has taken upon himself the trust of an Executor of the Last Will and Testament of

RANDALL SMITH late of Hudson

in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon to present the same for settlement to him.

GEORGE T. SMITH, Executor.

Hudson, Dec 29, 1874

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator de bonis non with will annexed, of the estate of

TAYLOR DURGIN, late of Bangor,

in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon to present the same for settlement to him.

GEO. A. THATCHER, Adm'r

Bangor, Dec. 29, 1874.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed to "Editor of Whig and Courier."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1875.

THE LAST DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPH.

[From the Boston Journal.]

The Democracy have done it now! They have swung round the circle in choosing their United States Senators, till they have returned to one of their first loves by electing Andrew Johnson. Was ever a more pointed contrast of two parties presented at about the same hour of the same day than in this choice of Johnson and Gen. Burnside? It discloses, however, only one instance of the peculiar manner in which the Democratic party of to-day betrays itself through its favorites through recent tragic changes. In Connecticut it is probably the perfection of loyalty, still it has a U. S. Senator to elect, when Eaton, the most rabid opponent of the Union cause during the war, is given the place of honor. In Pennsylvania it is a mere wire-puller that succeeds, in Indiana a cold-blooded politician, in Missouri an old rebel soldier; why, then, should not the Democracy of Tennessee, who were said to have a very respectable representative in their Governor, pass over him and all their other men, in order to resuscitate Andrew Johnson and instil life into the country again?

He is the only man that ever disgraced the Presidency of the United States by personal and public misconduct, and he did what he could to embolden, aid and discourage the whole country. It is folly to say that at his time of life, with his temper and narrowness of ideas, he has learned any wisdom or, on the contrary, his main ambition to get into the Senate seems to be to give vent to his old prejudices and to fight over his old battles, so far as he can drag them up again. There is not a disinterested man in the country, though a Democrat, who can be found to say that he sees the least prospect of benefit to any interest or section by the seating of Andrew John on to the United States Senate. And yet this is just the Democratic party has done. The only consolation is that it act more than confirms all that party's strongest opponents have charged as to its ruling tendencies and spirit, and that it has accomplished a great blunder with its eyes wide open.

The joint resolution fixing the term of the President and Vice-President at six years, which was reported favorably by the House Judiciary Committee yesterday, gets rather a roughish reception in the House. The amendment fixed the term for President and Vice-President at six years, while the President is eligible for re-election, and Vice-President ineligible to the office of President, when the office has devolved upon him during the term of Vice-President. Judge Hoar took strong ground against the resolution, urging that there was no popular demand for the amendment. Gen Butler favored the measure. On the final vote it was defeated Ayes, 141; nays, 104, falling of the requisite two-thirds.

The Rumber Journal says "A large number of petitions asking for the re-establishment of the reminiatory act, were received and read yesterday, and referred to the committee of ways and means of the lodge of Good Templars in the state, backed up by the Grand Lodge. But no mailing can be gained this winter by launching these petitions upon the Legislature, it is understood, that they will be withdrawn. Should they be presented, however, an equal number of remonstrances are hard upon their heels."

Considering all things, and viewed purely as a question of taste, the "average rhadi" will be inclined to think that the Portland *Press* might with propriety have omitted from its quotation of notices the following: Endorsement of a Democratic journal, viz: [the *Press*] is very bitter on all political rings, notably the "Handle" by which it faced unpeelfully during its senatorial journey. The Impression quite prevailed throughout the State at the time of the present month that the "swing round" process was not just as stated above, and in copying the lampoon itself our contemporary has evidently indulged in a little sarcasm at its own expense.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSION. On Tuesday the Constitutional Commission was engaged for the most part on the question of apportioning Representatives to the Legislature. The question was fully discussed and considered from every point of view.

The first question came up on the number which should compose the House. After discussion it was voted 7 to 3 to retain the present number, 151.

The next question considered was in relation to retaining the present system of county lines, such as the result an order was adopted, 5 to 5 to the effect that "representatives shall be apportioned to counties, as now provided in the Constitution."

The next topic considered was the distribution of Representatives within county lines, and the discussion turned to some extent upon the inequality of representation between cities and a certain class of towns. As embodying the sense of the Commission on this point, the following resolve was adopted by a vote of 8 to 2

Resolved, That that part of section 3, article 4, of the Constitution which provides for a ratio of 1,500 and an increasing ratio and limiting the number of Representatives to seven ought to be changed

A further step in this direction, the following resolve was passed, by a vote of 9 to 1

Resolved, That the counties be divided into single representative districts, so far as it can be done without dividing towns or any ward of a city.

The above resolves, with several other papers referring to the Legislature, were referred to a committee composed of Messrs. Talbot, Gilbert and Haines, to draft a constitutional provision in accordance therewith.

Second—That existing charters or grants under which the organization has been made or business done, shall be subject to the same provision.

Third—That the exercise of eminent domain shall never be construed to prevent the Legislature from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use.

Fourth—No corporation existing at the time of the adoption of this article shall have the benefit of any future legislation, except on condition of the acceptance of the provisions of the Constitution.

Fifth—The power to tax corporations and corporate property shall not be surrendered or suspended by any contract or grant to which the State shall be a party.

Sixth—A declaration that all railroads, canals, etc., are common carriers; also that railroads shall connect, and transport each others' passengers, etc., without discrimination. [illegible]

A resolve looking to the conferring of conditional power of pardon upon the Governor, was referred to Messrs. Gilbert, Robins and Madigan for draft.

A resolve looking to the abolition of the Executive Council was under discussion when the Commission adjourned at 5.45.

The Secretary of the Treasury has notified the Attorney-General that the Central Branch of the Union Pacific, the Sioux City and Pacific, and the Central Pacific Railroad Companies have failed to comply with the demands made by the Treasury Department of 5 per cent. on their net earnings after the sixty days' notice to them. Accordingly the Attorney-General has commenced preparations for bringing suits against these companies, but has not yet decided upon the places at which the proceedings shall be commenced.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL

It will be imperiinentary for Senators to allude to Senator Cockerell as "the rooster from Missouri"

David W. Campbell, Esq., of Cherryfield, died Saturday evening, after a sickness of only about one week. The best medical aid was obtained from Bangor and other localities, but the disease, (diabetes) was unyielding. Mr. Campbell was about 71 years old. He was a member of the firm of A. Campbell & Co.

The Brooklyn *Eagle*, Democratic, has the magnanimity to say that it esteems "the continuance of Mr Dawes to the public service as an important event to the well-being of the country and to the better administration of its government, whether at the hands of the Republicans or the Democrats."

Not very pleasant was Postmaster-General Jewell's dispatch to the New port postmaster the other day, in reply to a telegram saying his office was burned, but it had a kind of New England common-sense air about it "All right. Do the best you can and try not to spend too much money! but do not let the mails be delayed anywhere."

Boston Papers think the White Leaguers in danger of spoiling the game by showing their hands too quick. Perhaps they should mask their spirit and designs until we have full control of the Government, when they may bring out their war claims, present the full records of their Democratic friends in the country, though a Democrat, who can be found to say that he sees the least prospect of benefit to any interest or section by the seating of Andrew John on to the United States Senate. And yet this is just the Democratic party has done. The only consolation is that that act more than confirms all that party's strongest opponents have charged as to its ruling tendencies and spirit, and that it has accomplished a great blunder with its eyes wide open.

Special Notices.

Caldwell Sweet

AT HIS NEW STORE,

No. 2 MAIN STREET, MASON'S CORNER.

[illegible]

Grand Masquerade.

CITY HALL, Wednesday Evening, Feb. 3d.

[illegible]

REMOVAL.

J. F. PARKHURST

has removed his stock of TRUNKS, BAGS and VALISES, to

NO. 2 MASONIC BLOCK, MAIN ST.,

Next Store to J. C. White's

Bangor City Bonds,

For Sale at

FARMER'S NATIONAL BANK, BANGOR.

STAMPING NOTICE.

DWELLEY & CO.

Have received the stock of Patterns and are prepared to do all kinds of stamping.

Dyesville, Maine, Jan. 1, 1875. C. WILLIAMS, Jewelry Store, Main St. DWELLEY & CO.

Knowles' Bangor Business Almanac, for sale by JOHN S. PUGSLEY & CO.

Glace Photographs!

A new style of perfection just out for Holiday gifts, and some very pretty ones that are certain to please. Call and see them at

HARDY'S,

Kenduskeag Block.

$500 REWARD.

A reward of the above hundred dollars will be paid for information which shall be sufficient to produce the conviction of any person guilty of setting fire to the Barn belonging to the present municipal year, the same to be paid upon the conviction of such offender.

NEWELL HEALEY, Mayor

May 25, 1874.

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE OF H. J. PREBLE,

No. 3 Kenduskeag Block, BANGOR, Maine

For Sale or Rent.

7 AND 6 OCTAVE PIANOS.

Pianos for Rent, from $3.00 to $30.00 per quarter. Now is the time to get a Piano. Call and see them.

PATTEN & WHEELDEN.

NOTICE.

All persons in want of GOOD JOHN R. MOSS, member of BANGOR LEGISLATIVE CLUB, for employment, from sawing wood to building chaises, can be supplied at the shortest notice by applying to COL. C. V. CHICKMAN, at Bradley House, Trenton, or at Mr. Moss's residence, 21 Mt. Vernon St. Shall sober men be encouraged?

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Pianos and Organs for cash, or instalments running one and two years. Call and examine a bargain. Pianos to rent. Piano covers and stools at low prices.

F. S. DAVENPORT,

Waterroom, Kenduskeag Block, near Post Office.

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims, will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, on the SATURDAY preceding the 4th Monday of each month during the present municipal year, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Claims against the City, not presented at a session will not be acted upon until the succeeding month.

All claims passed at the regular meetings of the City Council for payment of which orders are issued by the Mayor, will be paid on and after the following TUESDAY.

JOHN C. CROSBY, Trustee.

March 20, 1874.

In order to insure the prompt payment of bills against the Paper Department, they should be left at the store of the undersigned, No. 6 State street, on or before FRIDAY MORNING, next preceding the FIRST TUESDAY of every month.

J. HERMAN BAY, Overseers of the Poor.

Bangor, July 1, 1874.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

The Assessors will be in session at their office on SATURDAY AFTERNOONS for a few weeks, commencing Dec. 5, 1874, to receive lists of polls and ratable estate.

WILLIAM ARNOLD, ALBION P. HAYNES, GEO. S. PRESCOTT, Assessors of Bangor.

CHAS. FINTCHEL, 2d

dec 5 d

Cutaneous Eruptions are most Prolific Source of Ill Health.

DR. HARRISON'S

PERISTALTIC LOZENGES

Indorsed by all the Medical Journals as the most Agreeable, convenient, effective and safe Remedy for

Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Piles.

Pleasant to the palate, cause no pain, act promptly, never require increase of dose, do not change, are strictly opposed to all other and old drugs are just the thing. Two taken at night move the bowels once the next morning. Warranted in all cases of the PILES and FAILING OF THE RECTUM. We mean such as OPPRESSED AFTER EATING, SOUR STOMACH, SPITTING UP FOOD, FLATULENCE, DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, DEPRESSED PAIN IN THE BACK AND LOINS, YELLOWNESS OF THE SKIN AND EYES, SICK HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, BILIOUSNESS, TYPHUS COMPLAINT, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, MOUTH OF TASTE AND SMELL, DIZZINESS, LASSITUDE, NEURALGIA, ETC.

Travelling and the Lozenges just what they need, as they are so compact and handy that they may be carried in the vest pocket, and as an aperient or laxative these Lozenges have no equal.

Trial Boxes, 30 c., large Boxes, 60 c. Sent by mail free of Postage to any address.

For Sale by [illegible] HARRISON & CO., No. 1 Tremont Temple, Boston, and by all druggists everywhere.

CERTRUDE DECROW,

TEACHER OF

PIANO AND SINGING,

Residence, 13 George Street.

F. H. LOUCEE,

PIANOFORTE TUNER AND REPAIRER.

All persons having Pianos, Organs or Melodeons can have them tuned quickly and carefully and repaired, by leaving their orders with W. H. WEEKS, Piano, Hightide & Andrews, 30 Smith's Block, or addressed in guarantee to subscriber, Bangor, Me.

TO INVEST!

A SUM OF MONEY has been intrusted to the undersigned. Parties desiring to invest will hear of something to their advantage by addressing P. W. LAUGHTON, Bangor.

The Most Wonderful Discovery of the 19th Century.

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

Arabian Milk-Cure,

FOR CONSUMPTION,

And the cure of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. The only Medicine of the kind in the world.

A Substitute for Cod Liver Oil.

Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, Night Sweats, Loss of Voice, Shortness of Breath, Coughs, Croup, Coughs, Colds, etc. In a few days. The single Pint Bottle

ALSO,

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier,

which differs from all other preparations in the MOST RADICAL ACTION upon the LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BLOOD.

It is purely vegetable, cleanses the system of all impurities, and is a simple, safe, sure, pleasant Purge, Rich Blood and Active Stimulant. Dilapidated Constitutions, Pimples, Eruptions and Pains disappear under its influence. Sold by druggists everywhere. Circulars free. Beware of "NERVOUS DEBILITY," "NERVOUS DISEASES," and "BROKEN DOWN CONSTITUTIONS" recommended as the 19th century. Dare line to equal. Every bottle is worth a dollar. Sold by druggists. *Depot 44 Chapel St. Conn.*

ALSO,

DR. S. D. HOWE'S

Arabian Sugar Coated Liver Pills.

They cure Liver and Stomach throughout, strengthen Constipation, are entirely unlike any other digestive ingredient, and act quickly upon the system, without producing pain or sickness. Price of Pills per box.

CONSUMPTIVES

should use all three of the above medicines.

Sold by Wholesale and Retail by **H. L. JUDEY & CO.**, Agents for Bangor, No. 1 Union Row, Main St., Bangor, Me.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sole Agent for New Hampshire.

Portland, Me., Sole Agent for Maine.

Retail by druggists everywhere.

SURE POP!

Just received and for sale at Wholesale and Retail,

200 BARRELS NEW CIDER,

200 BARRELS FOR CORN

DUNNING & PRESCOTT,

No. 1 Mercantile Square.

XXI POLISH.

Sole Proprietor, GEO. R. ROBINSON, Bangor, Me.

Best, cheapest and handiest thing in America for polishing Stoves, Cleaning Windows, and many similar purposes. Once used, nothing else fills its place.

Sold by first class Grocers, Druggists and Hardware dealers. Ask your merchant for X X I. KNIFE POLISH.

Nov 17

SCHOOL, HALL, HOUSE,

AND COUNTING ROOM

FURNITURE,

—AT—

DOLE BRO'S.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership of STEWART & SEAVEY is this day dissolved by mutual consent. WM. W. SEAVEY will continue the business, and assume the debts due, and pay all debts owing by the firm.

H. M. STEWART, WM. W. SEAVEY.

Bangor, July 15, 1874.

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

AN IRON TONIC

The PERUVIAN SYRUP Vitalizes and Enriches the Blood, Tones up the Stomach, Builds up the Broken down, cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Dropsy, Brilliant Complexion, Appetite, Nervous Headache, Dizziness, Costiveness, Piles, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Private Complaints, &c.

Remarkable cures have been effected by the use of Peruvian Syrup. Ladies, also, find it the best tonic. Sold by druggists everywhere.

WANTED

FOR REPAIRS,

10 Parlor suits, 20 sofas and Lounges, 50 Chairs, Mattresses, &c.

The work at low prices for PROPERLY GOODS make this the best time ever offered to repair. Call on

HENRY S. BROWN,

State Street.

"DOUBTLESS THE

Best Cough Medicine

IN THE WORLD"

is Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Sold everywhere.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 13, 1872.

Dear Sir: I have been using your Balsam of Wild Cherry in my family for years, and have found it to be *doubtless the best Cough Medicine in the World*.

Yours, etc., A. H. ALLEN & CO.

Dealers supplied at Wholesale by the Proprietors, SEth W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.

I should like to tell you what I know about it. It has cured my wife of a cough that troubled her for years. I know of many others who have used it with the same result.

EXPERIENCE.

Since this Balsam first came to my notice, in 1848, I have sold it constantly. In all cases of coughs it gives relief, and in most cases it effects a cure. H. H. [illegible]

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

It has not failed in a case contained in one vial to give the desired relief, and I will buy the article regardless of another chance.

LIFE WAS SAVED

By it. I had consumed, but thought there was a case of *Consumption of the Lungs*, and although, after taking many skillful physicians, she continued to fail constantly, so that she despaired of her recovery, when an old friend and neighbor recommended her to try this Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. The result was gratifying, I need not add.

RELIEF WAS INSTANTANEOUS

and recovery rapid. She has now been for years in full health and vigor. Wherever she goes she is asked, with tears, "Where is that blessed medicine?" to which she always replies in a clear, ringing voice, "Ask for Wistar's Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam and take no other."

IRRITATION

and a cough so severe that it would keep a child awake nights, yield immediately to the use of this Balsam, which, in the opinion of many, is a most valuable medicine.

BELIEVE AT THE REMEDY

Is compounded for healing, for in all cases and wherever it has been used it has proved to be a most valuable remedy. Since the Balsam came to my notice I have never been without it. I have recommended it to my friends, and have sold a bottle of your Balsam, and I can find no one dissatisfied to change it for any other. The continued taking it for fifty years, etc.

EXTREME PAIN

in the lungs, now which, not to speak of it, is entirely to the use of **VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM**. Very truly yours,

JOHN CAPEN.

As there are many imitations, be careful to get the genuine. Price in large bottles, with the medicine, 25 cts. per dose. Small bottle, 50 cts. per dose.

ALTHER BROS. & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Proprietors, Boston.

For sale by Apothecaries generally everywhere.

C. A. MACKINTOSH.

SUFFERERS,

DON'T FAIL TO TRY

Adamson's BOTANIC BALSAM!

Only 25 Cents. An enfailing Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Soreness of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, and all diseases leading to Consumption.

$5000 for an Incurable Case.

[From a Distinguished Lawyer of Boston.]

MR. FRANK HIGGIN, Dear Sir—I desire to say a word in behalf of your Adamson's Cough Balsam. I have long been a sufferer from a very severe cough from the first of last November, trying a great many preparations without any considerable or permanent improvement, until the middle of March, when a friend brought me a bottle of your medicine. I tried the small sample bottle which Mr. Goodwin gave me, and I had no occasion to try anyone, for within twelve hours from taking the first dose, the cough entirely left me. The results were so decisive in my case that I feel it my duty to do more than a score of sufferers. Mr. Goodwin, No. 38 Hanover street, sells for 25 cents, and so far as I care, in every instance with marked success.

Respectfully yours, CHAS. C. SUTTER, Firm Sutter & Wyman, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, 24 Tremont Row.

[From Alonzo G. Wood, publisher of Zion's Herald, Aid, 36 Bromfield St., Boston.]

Several bottles of Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam have been used in my family with the most gratifying results. We esteem it as one of the best of medicines.

$5000 GOLD!

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

The high reputation gained by ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM for the cure of *Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Lungs and Consumption*, has given rise to spurious imitations. The genuine ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM is prepared only by FRANK W. KINSMAN, Sole Proprietor. As proof, I respectfully refer to the signatures of Chas. C. Sutter, Esq., of Boston, and Mr. W. Kinsman, Druggist, Augusta, Maine, now known in the glass of the bottle. $5000 for a better article.

DONT FAIL TO TRY IT.

The following are a few of the names of those who have used the Balsam: Gov. Coburn, Gen. Chamberlain, Mrs. Hon. James W. Hartshorn, Amos N. Merrill, ex-Governor of Maine, Mrs. Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Col. Thomas Long, Hon. J. J. Hamblin, Mayor Bangor, Hon. Geo. Evans, Rev. Edwin Martin, Rev. C. V. Penney, Rev. Wm. A. Drew, Hon. H. P. Wood, Col. E. L. Drew, Secretary of State, Hon. Geo. Wagg, Treasurer, State House, Hon. Geo. Washburn, President First National Bank, Hon. Wm. Emery, President Bangor National Bank, S. Wright, Secretary of Senate, Hon. Geo. L. Allen, Bangor, Charles Sutter, Esq., Portsmouth, Rev. Joseph Cook, Boston, Rev. Wm. A. Taylor, Dedham, Rev. Emory Cook and many others in Providence, R. I., Worcester, Portland, and Bangor, Me. Sold by druggists everywhere.

F. W. KINSMAN, Wholesale Agent, Bangor.

For sale by all Druggists.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

What does it mean? Who shall reply?
We hear it hourly, far and wide,
At every turn, on every side,
The Indian Shout, Cry "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"

Whenever you chance, in walking out,
To meet a friend, beyond a doubt,
He'll ask you, whisky on the shout
The burning of the "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"

At any hour you're sure to meet,
At No. 2 Snow very neat,
The dealers only will be pleased to greet,
Of the original "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"

And even though you don't desire
To purchase goods, you can inquire
About the price,—who don't admire
The ways of the "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"

Set Critics, with impartial hand,
Dive with the sample and the grand,
And pronounce fairest the stock and
The name of the "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"

To those and rich, the lowest price,
We good there alone will go there twice,
His prices will you all entice
To the Original "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"

Good goods, low prices, don't you see,
Are hard to beat, as would agree;
So, friends, go where all share
A share this "*Bargain Shoe Store!*"
Of V. A. CURTIS, No. 2 Brick Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

Tribune and World Almanac,

for 1875, received by

JOHN S. PUGSLEY & CO.

CANDIES!

THE ONLY CONFECTIONERY STORE

in BANGOR where you can buy

PURE CANDIES

of the CHOICEST FLAVORS MADE

EVERY DAY.

H. L. LANE.

NEW MUSIC.

Received by E. H. & W. G. DURBIN.

February Magazines,

Received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

Wanted,

A Capable Girl to do general Housework, who can bring a good recommendation from her last employer. None others need apply.

Jan 27 tf No. 25 Summer Street.

Agents Wanted;

In every county in this state to sell an article that will sell in every house. Call or address,

J. HOSKINS,

23 Exchange St., Bangor.

HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,

Ladies' and Misses' Embroid Hose, Neckties, Hair Goods, Underwear, Corsets, and all sorts of fancy goods, can be bought Low, at the

BOSTON BUTTON STORE,

16 Main St.

Go for a pair of those two button Kid Gloves, New Goods, only 75 cts. per pair.

A nice Breakfast Shawl, for 50 cents, at the Old

Boston Button Store,

J. P. TUCKER.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership of C. P. Church & Son is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Charles P. Church will continue the business, collect the debts due, and pay all debts owing by the firm.

CHARLES P. CHURCH, CHARLES P. CHURCH.

East Bradford, Jan. 1st, 1875.

Mr. CEO. T. MOODY,

21 Summer St.,

TEACHER IN VOCALIZATION

AND THE

General Cultivation of the Voice.

February Magazines,

Received by E. H. & W. G. DURBIN.

HARRIMAN HOUSE IS BURNED,

But the STABLES are not.

Thankful for past favors, we still continue to keep the Finest of Horses and most comfortable Carriages and the prudent travelling public will do well to remember this fact.

J. E. HARRIMAN & CO.

LADIES' FURS

Made and Repaired by

ELIZABETH WYER, 43 Grove St., Bangor.

My experience in the business enables me to cut all kinds of fur in the most stylish manner. I can also make and mount Gloves and Collars. Fur caps made to order in the latest fashion, and prices kept low. Also, Ladies' and Children's furs made up from skins ready for sale.

CRANBERRIES, RAISINS,

AND

CALIFORNIA HONEY,

AT LEIGHTON & BAKER'S,

80 HAMMOND ST.

Wanted,

The good street boy, Hiram Hatch. Apply at the Clothing Store of

B. N. STORM & SON,

Harlow St., Bangor.

E. H. FOGG,

Sole Agent for the Celebrated

AMERICAN SHEAR CO.'S

POCKET KNIVES,

for Bangor and vicinity.

These Knives are warranted to be equal to any of foreign manufacture. A large and varied stock constantly on hand at

47 West Market Square.

Bangor, Dec. 3, 1874.

WOOL AND WOOL SKINS.

The undersigned, having engaged in the Fleece Wool and Wool pulling business, recently carried on by the late OLIVER HUMPHREY, is ready to pay the cash for Fleece Wool and Wool Skins.

For further information call on ABRAM TOWNSEND, Agent, or C. W. SMITH, Superintendent, Bangor.

C. A. MACKINTOSH,

By C. G. MACKINTOSH,

Agent.

GOVERNMENT, STATE, AND CITY BONDS,

Gold Coin, Coupons, Canadian Currency,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

BUSINESS NOTES DISCOUNTED, by

BOWLER & MERRILL,

Bankers, No. 142 Exchange St., Bangor.

HAMBURGS!

20,000 Yds.,

Just Received, Selling Cheap.

G. W. STEVENS,

No. 40 Main Street.

Bangor, Jan. 14, 1874.

Lowest Boston Prices

AT SNOW & MAYO'S.

For Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, 5 cents, 10 cents, 12 1-2 cents, 16 cents, 20 cents and 25 cents a yard.

Still Popular, those BRILLIANTINES for 39 cents per yard.

SNOW & MAYO.

No. 11 Main Street, Bangor.

J. T. RINES & CO.

Open this day

40 Pieces Nice Black Cashmere,

A Great Bargain.

10 PIECES NEW CLOAKING, at the LOWEST PRICES

10 Bales Very Nice Cottons,

All of these goods bought for cash and will be sold very much below the market price.

SANFORD'S INDEPENDENT LINE,

Between Bangor and Boston,

Connecting with the Bucksport & Bangor Railroad.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The Steamer KATAHDIN, CAPT. W. H. HOYT, will leave BUCKSPORT every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 A. M.

Leave BUCKSPORT for Boston, [illegible] same days, at 12 M., or on the arrival of the train that leaves Bangor at 10 A. M.

Returning, will leave BOSTON every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 12 M. [illegible] passengers to Bangor the following day at the lowest rate of fare, viz: [illegible] P. M., or on arrival of train from Bangor.

Fare from Bangor to Boston, including Railroad fare, $3.50.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.

For Rent.

Store No. 3 Central Street, now occupied by L. F. Parkhurst.

HOPKINS & SON, 23 Exchange St.

LOST.

Sunday evening, between E. H. Fogg on York st. and Mr. Neal's on Hammond St., a small Gold Locket, containing a lock of hair. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the office.

ECONOMY!

Not by any slide to use a whole piece of the Whitney Mill not enough raise the various products of Jersey we can make to overall any article of Solid Gold, double, plain or stitch, in a complete manner.

EBEN STEVENS,

Hammond st., opposite Court House, Bangor, Me.

St. John and Penobscot River Permits.

D. BUGBEE & CO.

PICTURE FRAMES

made to order. New Moulding just received

C. W. CHANDLER,

Picture Frame Maker, No. 4, Main St.

For Rent.

Store in Dyer's Block, Central St.

M. GILLIGAN, Agent.

MORE LIGHT!

PERKINS & HOUSE'S

PATENT

SAFETY LAMPS,

For sale at manufacturers' prices, by

J. S. RICKER & CO.

Importers of Crockery, French, China, Wine, French Bottles, English and German Lamp Goods.

NO. 3 MAIN STREET.

I HAVE A FEW PRETTY FINE

OTTER SETS, Muff & Boa,

and a few fine

FOR SEAL SACQUES,

Which, and trimmed, that I shall offer for the week ending at a very low price, which will pay any one in want of these goods to buy.

F. P. WOOD,

SIGN BLACK BEAR,

No. 2 Kenduskeag Block.

Bangor Boom Company.

"This annual meeting of the Bangor Boom Company will be holden at the office of C. G. Morse & Son, in BANGOR, February 7th, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the choice of officers, and to act on other business legally before them.

FRANK HIGGIN, Treas.

January 20, 1875.

Watch Seal Lost.

AN OPPORTUNITY

FOR EUROPEAN STUDY & TRAVEL,

FITS CURED FREE!!

Any person suffering from the above disease, that I cannot cure, I will send a sample bottle free of charge, if they will send their address.

The only remedy being the Expectorant, for, which I am using in my large Summer practice.

The Expectorant is a positive cure for the worst case of Consumption.

I CURE FITS OF EPILEPSY

A study for years, and the will to serve at a cost to the use of the remedy.

Do not fail to see Dr. Hun for a trial Bottle. It costs nothing, and the

WILL CURE YOU.

No matter how long standing your case may be, or how many doctors may have given you up. Express and Post Office address.

SEND TRIAL BOTTLE.

Be particular to state your Express, or nearest Post Office address, and

DR. CHAS. T. PRICE,

[illegible] Williams Street, New York.

Bangor & Bucksport Railroad Co.

The Coupons for interest, on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due Oct. 1st, will be cashed at the *Bucksport National Bank*, New York, and after that date

EDWARD LEAVITT, Treas.

Bucksport, Sept. 23d 1874.

Penobscot Log Driving Company.

The Annual Meeting of the Penobscot Log Driving Company, for the choice of Officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Bangor Exchange, in Bangor, on Tuesday, the ninth day of February next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

H. P. HAMMONS, Clerk.

Bangor, January 25, 1875.

PROVINCE HOUSE

ON EUROPEAN PLAN

161 *Washington and 11 Province Court,*

Opposite Old South Church, Boston.

G. A. COWAN, Prop'r.

Late Parker House.

This House recently opened. Everything is thoroughout. Rooms by the day or week 75 cents and $1.00 per day.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

Fancy Goods,

Silverware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Spectacles, Musical Merchandise &c.

Repairing of all kinds done to order

DANIEL WHITE,

No 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Consumption Cured.

As a Patent of Wine and Cognac

[illegible]

February Magazines,

Harper, Scribner, Atlantic, St. Nicholas, Nurse Darling, Peterson, &c.

Also, NEW BOOKS.—The Island of Eric, Lost Heiress, The Heads of the Ill, received and for sale by

CHAS. HIGHT.

3 Smith Block.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT

IN

STEAM BOILERS.

SULLIVAN'S

PATENT RETURN TUBULAR BOILER

Patented in the United States April 11, 1874, and in Canada Nov 17, 1874.

The Latest Improvement in Steel Locomotive, Cheaper, Safer and Best Boiler now made.

Strong testimonials of its great saving and economy. Saves fuel and satisfy expenses. Information furnished by the Inventor and Manufacturer.

DANIEL SULLIVAN,

BANGOR, MAINE.

Anybody wanting Steam Boilers will be well paid to address as above. Old boilers taken in exchange or part payment for new. Second hand Boilers of all kinds constantly on hand and for sale cheap. Also Boiler Iron, Rivets, Boiler Tubes, Sheet Iron work. Job Work made to order.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to.

Auction Sales.

E. B. PATTEN,

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer,

No. 1, 2 & 4 Broad St., head of Hancock St.

AUCTION SALES THIS WEEK.

Thursday, Jan. 28th, at 10 1-2 o'clock,

2 Cases Assorted Cordovan Wares, in lots to purchasers.

5 lots Assorted Glass.

Lot of Fancy Table Cutlery, and a large lot of Housekeeping articles.

Friday, Jan. 29th, at 10 1-2 A. M.

Dry Goods and Notions, Handkerchiefs, Ladies' Sacks, &c.

Saturday, at 10 1-2 A. M.

3 Dozen New ulsters made by Wheaton Cloth Store, Chapel, Chamber Sts.

EDWARD LEAVITT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER

No. 12 Central St.

PEARL & WEBB,

Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers, AND GENERAL ASSURANCE AGENTS

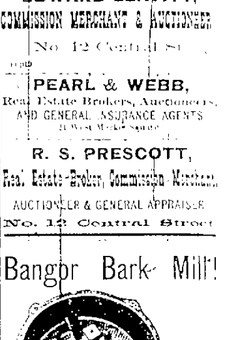
21 West Market Square.

R. S. PRESCOTT,

Real Estate Broker, Commission Merchant, AUCTIONEER & GENERAL APPRAISER

No. 12 Central Street

Bangor Bark Mill!



THE BEST IN USE.

Manufactured by

HINKLEY AND EMERY IRON COMPANY

BANGOR.

READING ROOM,

No. 10 Franklin St.

WOODBINE COTTAGE.

Kenduskeag.

PLUMBING.

LARGE LOT OF

ENGINES & BOILERS,

Steam Radiators.

Fire Proof Safes.

G. F. BRACKETT,

BANGOR MACHINE DEPOT

CLOTHES WRINGERS

HAIR.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

OLEO OIL

OLEO OIL

OLEO OIL

OLEO OIL

OLEO OIL

OLEO OIL

AT BOSTON PRICES.

Oriental Oil Co., OF BOSTON

To Dealers and Consumers of Kerosene Oil

Have gone in arrangement with the Agent of the Company in the State of Maine, [illegible]

Oriental Oil Co.,

BOSTON.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

AND

The best Fish and Oyster Market [illegible]

GREAT BARGAINS

ALFRED JONES,

No. 5, Pickering Square

N. B. When those big mouthed numbers follow us with lower prices tell you there is not that [illegible] to give our customers as they are sell for 50 to 60 cents, [illegible] Boston, Bangor, do not believe it. Come and see, and satisfy yourselves. Clean stone jars, with lice around the jars and knocked to be just as good as new, [illegible] and [illegible] or earthen ware. When I go to the house to get my bowl and [illegible] Jars, I do not go to my grocer, I go to the [illegible] Jars, I do not go to my grocer, I go to the [illegible] Jars, I do not go to my grocer, I go to the

Whig and Courier.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1875

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Wednesday's Proceedings in the Legislature—More About the Agricultural Report—The School Laws—Hearing on the Bangor Water Projects—Coming Bills Etc.

[SPECIAL TO THE WHIG AND COURIER.]

AUGUSTA, Jan. 27. To-day has been a busy one for the lawmakers. A large amount of business was performed on account of the expiration of the time for the presentation of private matters for legislation. As a result there was an immense amount of such matters dumped into the Legislature.

The act for the protection of owners of [illegible] bonds was [illegible] in the Senate and assigned for to-morrow. The bill relating to the lending of railroads was also tabled in the branch pending its joint [illegible]. A number of petitions asking for appropriations of money for schools [illegible] the Woodland and Perham plantations, were tabled in the House. The House ordered to be printed the bill for the prevention of fraud occasioned by those unprincipled fellows who play their little games on farmers by selling them agricultural implements and taking their notes, and then letting them whistle for what they have bought. Leave to withdraw was reported to the petitioners who [illegible] to be set off from Auburn and incorporated into a new town.

Charters Reported

Acts of incorporation were reported for the Maine State Pure Blood Jersey Cattle Company of Winthrop, Bangor and [illegible] Company with a capital of $100,000.

Matters for Legislation

Legislation was asked to increase the capital stock of the Dirigo Slate Company $120,000, and to give authority to the company to construct a tramway, to extend the [illegible] of the Ellsworth and [illegible] Railroad Company to Eastport, passing through the towns of Ellsworth, Franklin, Cherryfield and other intermediate towns, to change the lease time for taking fish in the tributaries of the Androscoggin, to compel foreign insurance companies doing business in this State to take out a license, to [illegible] the Livermore Mutual Insurance Company, to extend for five years the charter of the North Bank of Rockland, to incorporate the North Windham Manufacturing Company with a capital of $50,000, Monson Pond Slate Company with a capital of $250,000, the incorporators named in the charter being Wm. Lane, A. W. [illegible] and James Fogg, to incorporate the [illegible] Hermon, Hampden and North Newburgh Cheese Factory with a capital of $5,000 to establish a municipal court in Auburn.

Orders of inquiry were presented asking for legislation for the better protection of [illegible], to repeal the Sheriff act, and if this is impracticable to so much of the law that the fees and costs may be less burdensome and oppressive, to secure uniformity in the weight of grain, to legalize the doings of the Selectmen of the town of Lyndon in 1874.

Printing of School Laws

An order of inquiry was referred relating to printing five thousand copies of the school laws to include the laws of this Legislature, and to send copies to every [illegible].

The Homestead Act

An order of inquiry was referred relating to amending the statutes so as to give [illegible] of the land of any other, in the possession of the owner, the actual benefit of the exemption [illegible] homestead law.

Free High School Law

An order of inquiry was referred relating to amending the law allowing towns and plantations that do not [illegible] high schools [illegible] from the free high school [illegible] the [illegible] of their population [illegible] for the education of youth any sum not to exceed $250 in excess of the amount now required, shall receive a like sum from the State to be apportioned among the several school districts.

Prevention of Smuggling

An order of inquiry presented by Mr. Woodbury of Bangor was referred to the Committee on Temperance which relates to amending section 34 chapter 27 of the Revised Statutes by the enactment of a provision similar to the provisions of the United States law for the prevention of smuggling, that if in transit, the teams conveying liquors for illegal sale known to the owners or employes to be such shall also be declared contraband and forfeited.

Adverse Legislation

The Legislature has acted adversely on the proposition to prohibit the taking of trout in the south branch of Marsh river and Taylor's meadow stream both of which flow into the Penobscot river at Stockton for protection of porgy factories, [illegible] and also on the abolition of the Insurance Department and transferring its duties to the Secretary of State's office.

State Agricultural Report

Remonstrances were presented against the recommendation of Gov. Dingley for the abridgement of the publication of the annual State Agricultural report so valuable and useful to the farmers of Maine. The remonstrants earnestly ask that no change be made, as experience has proved in the past that the number of copies printed has been inadequate to the demand.

Railroad Matters

A charter is asked for a railroad from Milo on the Bangor & Piscataquis road, to Brownville and Seboois village and that the towns of Brownville, Sebec, Milo, Williamsburg and Barnard may be authorized to extend aid to the enterprise.

Authority is asked for the town of Eastport to contribute aid in the building of the Shore Line Railroad, not to exceed 10 per cent of its valuation.

Immigration

The International Steamship Company ask for a repeal of Sections 39, 40 and 41 of the Revised Statutes, relating to immigration. Under these statutes the company represent that they are subjected to considerable charges, not only for head money but also for fees of visiting officers. These charges, they say, operate to discriminate against them in favor of land carriers between Maine and foreign places.

Sundry Matters

A contract was reported for 500 copies of the Maine State Year Book, at an expense of $1,000.

A bill was introduced and referred to repeal the law providing for teachers' institutes.

A bill was reported incorporating the town of Medway.

An appropriation of $10,000 is asked for the Maine General Hospital.

Registration of Bonds.

Several petitions have been presented asking that the Legislature memorialize Congress to pass a law providing that all bonds, notes and securities shall be registered as other property or be uncollectable.

The State Treasurer

Mr. Hatch has accepted the office of State Treasurer, and his official bond was received to-day with his acceptance and referred to the Committee on Financial Affairs.

Inspection of Fish.

A bill was reported providing for the appointment of inspectors of fish, to hold office for five years in those places where pickled fish are cured. It requires annual returns to be made of all fish inspected to the Secretary of State's office.

A Bangor Claim

Frank Strange of Bangor petitions for compensation for wood used at the State muster at that city by the troops which he furnished and which has not been paid for.

Penobscot Pilotage

A petition was presented asking for the establishment and regulation of pilotage in and out of the Penobscot bay and river. Also to authorize Richard Winslow and Henry D. Parker to act as pilots.

Finally Passed

The following have finally passed both branches:

An act to make valid the assessment of taxes in the town of Verona for the year 1874; an act authorizing A. Martin & Sons to build and maintain a wharf in tide waters of Rockport harbor; an act authorizing Joseph Church et al to extend a wharf into tide waters in the town of Bristol; an act to incorporate the Prospect Cheese Co.; an act authorizing the Cumberland Bone Co. to build a wharf into the [illegible] in the town of Boothbay; an act to incorporate the St. Omer Commandery Knights Templar; [illegible] authorizing the County of Knox to [illegible] a loan.

The Governor and the Farmers

The remonstrance against decreasing the size of the agricultural report alluded to elsewhere in the report and upon which the suggestion is made by the Governor in his retrenchment message. In that message the Governor only recommended that the report be [illegible] if it could be done without injury to the public interest. It is understood that a savage article on the matter is to appear in this week's Farmer, written by the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture and author of the report. The Governor however is satisfied with the position he has taken and it is understood that several leading agriculturalists in the State have expressed to him their opinion that the report ought to be abridged, and at the same time made more valuable.

Bay & River Railroad

At the hearing of the Railroad Committee this afternoon a hearing was given on the bill for extending the time of building the Penobscot Bay and River railroad. Mayor Babbidge of Belfast and a committee of the City Government appeared, who took the ground that while the people of Belfast were strongly in favor of building the road they objected to the building of the bridge of the company across the harbor at the mouth of the Penobscot river, as it would cause an ice blockade and greatly depreciate the value of wharf property. The preliminary survey of the road was satisfactory to them. What they wanted was that the bridge should cross above the lower bridge so-called. If the bridge was built a the railroad company proposed it would involve engineering difficulties.

A. G. Jewett, Esq., appeared on behalf of the company. He gave reasons for the building of the bridge at the place proposed and extended arguments on [illegible] certain portions of his argument. The hearing was continued one week.

The Bangor Water Projects

The Committee on Interior Waters gave a lively hearing this afternoon and evening on the bill to extend the time for the completion of the works of the Bangor Water Company. Hon. Lewis Barker appeared for the Company and Hon. Wm. H. McCrillis appeared in opposition. There were quite a number of parties from Bangor present, who listened to the arguments made with much interest. The Committee voted to revive the charter and extend the time three years, also to give the Company authority to take water from Fitz Pond and its tributaries.

The same Committee also voted to report another bill to allow the city of Bangor to take water from the Penobscot river at its falls for municipal purposes, subject to the action of the legal voters.

They also voted to report a bill to [illegible] waters at Brewer.

The Constitutional Revision

[TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

AUGUSTA, Jan. 27. The Constitutional Committee took up the subject of municipal loans, and a resolve was adopted that a constitutional provision be drawn empowering the Legislature to authorize towns by two-thirds vote to loan their credit to five per cent of their valuation in aid of railroads provided said corporation reimburse said towns, principal and interest within twenty years. It was also voted to report a provision punishing bribery in elections by disfranchising parties convicted of the crime. By a vote of 8 to 2 a resolve was adopted to recommend the abolition of the Executive Council.

Coming Bills

The Committee on Education voted to report a bill amending the school laws allowing the distribution of 20 per cent of school moneys among small districts in towns; also bills to incorporate the St. Augustine school for boys at Topsham, to enable Bates College to give the Maine Central Institute $6000, to enable towns to abolish the district system, for compulsory education compelling scholars between 7 and 14 years to attend school a certain specified time. An adverse report will be made on State uniformity of text books.

Contested Election Case.

The House Election Committee will decide the case Reed vs Montgomery, Friday next, undoubtedly in favor of Reed, the contestant.

FROM PORTLAND.

Hot House Burned

PORTLAND, Jan. 27. One of Ramsay's hot houses, with a large number of valuable plants, was burned at Stevens' Plains, at five o'clock this morning.

Verdict Against the Eastern Railroad.

In the Supreme Court at Saco, to-day, in the case of James Hobbs administrator of Mary Hobbs, vs. Eastern Railroad Company, an action to recover for injuries to his wife by being thrown under the train in November, 1872, receiving injuries which caused her death, the jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff for $5,000.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS—Second Session.

WASHINGTON, January 27.

Senate.

Numerous petitions were presented for the passage of a law prohibiting the sale, importation or manufacture of alcoholic liquors as a beverage in the District of Columbia and Territories of the United States. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the President transmitting the report of progress to date made by the U. S. Centennial Commission. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dorsey introduced a bill to establish certain telegraphic lines in several States and Territories, as post roads, and to regulate the transmission of commercial and other intelligence by telegraph. Referred to Post Office Committee.

Mr. Morton submitted a resolution to repeal the 22d joint rule of the two houses of Congress in regard to the counting of the electoral vote ordered printed.

At the expiration of the morning hour the Senate resumed their consideration of Mr. Schurz' motion in regard to Louisiana and Mr. Thurman took the floor. He said that the resolution required that the Senate should not stop at the election of 1874 in that State but should go back to that of 1872, and he proposed to speak first of what took place at the election of 1872. He knew it was a thrice-told tale and it would therefore be very tedious, but he could not make a complete statement without going over the facts and he felt compelled to do so.

The Senate at 5 o'clock adjourned.

House

Mr. Butler of Massachusetts, as a question of privilege, called up a motion made by him last session to reconsider the vote by which the Civil Rights bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A point of order was raised but the Speaker decided that the right existed and thereupon the Democrats [illegible] filibustering.

At 2:30 [illegible] the House continued without any sign of abatement or compromise and without any incident of importance.

The House at 3:30 was still going through the interesting performance of voting by yeas and nays on dilatory motions of various kinds. No proposition has been made looking to a solution of the difficulty. The Republicans say that they will insist on the Civil Rights bill and make the question one of physical endurance and the Democrats say they are ready to fight it out on that line.

When this proceeding had gone on for some four hours Mr. Butler of Massachusetts rose and said he had a proposition to make.

Mr. Eldridge of Wisconsin, speaking for the Democratic side, said they had no objection if an opportunity was given them to reply.

After [illegible] objections [illegible] withdrawn Mr. Butler was allowed to make his proposition. He said we now have wasted four hours of public time on the question of the civil rights bill, and I desire to say to the opposite side of the House that, if the bill is allowed to be considered [illegible] will permit all proper germane amendments to be offered so that the simple question is a question of the consideration of a public measure, leaving every man to move his amendments and to make such speeches the House will listen to and leaving the bill to be considered fairly and properly.

Mr. McCrary, of Iowa, here asked for the reading of a [illegible] which he had prepared. Objections were made on the Democratic side to the resolution being read by the Clerk, whereupon Mr. Butler said he would embody it as a part of his statement and proceeded to read. It was that on the [illegible] two hours should be allowed for [illegible] of which all but thirty minutes be allowed [illegible] opponents of the measure [illegible] when the bill came before the House, four hours should be allowed for debate of which one half should be given to the opponents of the bill; that [illegible] should [illegible] allow [illegible] voted on separately, but that no dilatory motions should be allowed.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania replied to the proposition. He said in reply to the gentleman from Massachusetts he desired to say for myself that there is a special order assigned for to-day—the Post Office appropriation bill—and I propose we shall proceed with that special order and that after that bill is disposed of we proceed to dispose of the regular appropriation bills. Then [illegible] we pass the [illegible] everything necessary to carry on the Government from the 1st of July 1876 to the 1st of July 1876, let the struggle as to the Civil Rights [illegible] and trance. This side of the House, so far as I know, wants to avoid an extra session of Congress on March 4th.

My answer to that proposition is, that the gentleman from Pennsylvania is not a member of the Committee on Appropriations, which has control of the appropriation bills, and [illegible] that the majority [illegible] is responsible to the country [illegible] cannot permit the minority to dictate what legislation we shall proceed to [illegible] on to the House and country.

The negotiations were here abruptly broken off by calls for Regular order from both sides, but in the part largely from the Republican side and the monotonous call of the roll and the usual dilatory motions were proceeded with.

Dilatory motions were made till 11 o'clock with every indication of continuing until the session till noon to-morrow. The vote [illegible] strength of parties [illegible] 10 roll-call [illegible] o'clock. There is no prospect of any legislation to-night.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Lawrence Municipal Affairs

LAWRENCE, Jan. 27. The two branches of the City Government are at loggerheads over the City Solicitorship. The Aldermen insist upon the election of W. [illegible] and the Common Councilmen adhere to C. D. Moore. The City Government has voted to appeal from the decision of the Essex County Commissioners reducing the taxable valuation of the Washington Mills to $1,100,000, and will carry the case to the Supreme Court. The principal Municipal appropriations for 1875 as adopted by the Common Council are as follows: Bridges, $3,000, Cemetery $1,200, City Hall $700, City Engineer $1000, Common $3,000, Fire Department $2[illegible], Incidentals, $10,000, Industrial School $6,000, Interest on Municipal loans $92,000, interest on water loans $9,800, police, $32,000, public library, $6,500, paupers, $5,000, paving, $10,000, salaries $27,300, sewers $10,000, schools $50,000, streets $40,000, new buildings for fire department, $12,000, sidewalks, $6,000, total, $383,100.

The Will of Ann White Vose

BOSTON, Jan. 27. The will of Mrs. Ann White Vose of Boston just made public makes the remarkable bequest of $365,000 to public institutions of this city as follows: Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Museum of Fine Arts, $25,000 each; Massachusetts General Hospital, McLean Asylum, Home for Aged Women, and Home for Aged Men $30,000 each; New England Hospital for Women and Children, $25,000; Children's Mission and Children's Friend Society, $20,000 each, Asylum and Farm School for Indigent Boys, Temporary Home for Destitute Female Orphan Asylum, Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, $15,000 each, Boston Port and Seamen's Aid Society, Industrial Aid Society, Benevolent Fraternity of Churches, Perkins' Institute and Massachusetts Asylum for Blind, Warren Street Chapel, Boston Provident Association, Young Men's Christian Union, and Massachusetts Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, $10,000 each, and the Home for Aged Colored Women, $5,000.

The Agricultural Institute.

WORCESTER, Jan. 27. The New England Agricultural Institute, which began yesterday, continues to-day with its numbers largely increased. Hon. George B. Loring delivered an able address last evening, the subject being "The Relation which Should Exist between Practical and Scientific Farming." This morning Hon. F. B. Douglass, of the Vermont Board of Agriculture, read a paper on "The Dairy," which was followed by a discussion, on corn fodder. New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island and other States, are represented by prominent gentlemen interested in agriculture.

THE PACIFIC MAIL SUBSIDY.

More Testimony from Irwin.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. In the Pacific Mail investigation to-day Irwin read a statement showing that he had $800,000 on account of the subsidy, with the exception of $50,000, which the Pacific Mail Steamship Company said, it gave him, but which he denied in the absence of vouchers. The balance unaccounted for was $[illegible],000. He had already read a list of persons to whom he had paid money, and gave the amounts. Irwin was then closely examined by various members of the committee, with reference to his transactions as shown by the transcripts of his accounts with bankers, both in Washington and San Francisco. The items were gone over, but no new information of importance was elicited. The witness reiterated his former declaration that he never paid or agreed to pay any money to any member of Congress. Irwin said John Roach did not directly work for the subsidy. He merely made arguments before the committee in behalf of American Commerce. His examination was continued at length, but nothing new was elicited.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

Exit Moulton—New Witnesses.

The Brooklyn court-room presented its usual animated appearance again this morning, and Judge Neilson, looking a little fresher, was early in his seat. When the proceedings opened, the defendant and his wife were absent, as was also Mrs. Tilton and her friends. Two ladies brought in by assistant pastor Halliday occupied the seats usually held by Mrs. Tilton and her friends.

When the names of the jurors were called Mr. Moulton resumed the stand. Judge Neilson admonished the counsel on both sides that a great deal of time was spent in arguments over points which greatly delayed the progress of the trial, and asked them to advise him if they desired to argue any point. The witness was then put on his re-direct examination and at its conclusion ex-Judge Fullerton [illegible] the room and returned in a few minutes accompanied by a lady who was said to be Mrs. Bradshaw and who took a seat among the counsel for the prosecution and when Moulton left the witness [illegible] and [illegible] to the chair. She was followed by William F. West and Franklin Woodruff, Moulton's partner. The testimony, as in the case of Moulton, only involved points given in the statements heretofore published, a large portion of it being as to the authenticity and purport of letters passed between the parties to the trial.

WASHINGTON.

The Report of the House Committee on the Election of President and Vice President

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. The report of the House Election Committee yesterday on the best mode of electing the President and Vice President involves radical changes in the method of election. The amendment proposed changes the election of the President and Vice President by the direct vote of the people and looks to the vote of the people by districts equal in number to the Representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress [illegible] or territories [illegible] equal in population as may be [illegible] the conduct of the election and the States [illegible] into districts [illegible]. [illegible] Congress may at any time by law make or alter the same. The returns of the election shall be made to the Supreme Court of the United States within thirty [illegible] for the election and that Court shall make such rules [illegible] governing [illegible] such returns [illegible] within [illegible] days after the election by public proclamation who are elected President and Vice President. The person having the highest number of Presidential votes shall be President and [illegible] the Vice President. This substitutes what is known as the plurality rule for the majority rule. If it be adopted the people will vote directly for President and Vice President and every voter will vote with a full knowledge that the candidate having the highest number of votes will be declared elected, and this takes away the bad feature [illegible] the vote and throws the election into the House as by the present system. The electoral colleges may be done away by plurality [illegible] and there is no provision in the law in any of them that the electors shall have a majority of all the votes cast in the State. The report is signed by Representative Harrison and the Committee authorized [illegible] without committing themselves to the report [illegible] to the powers of the State and House in the counting of the electoral vote under the existing provisions of the Constitution.

The Centennial Committee's Report

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. The report of the Centennial Committee shows that a vast amount of preliminary work has already been accomplished. There is every reason to believe that the whole continent of America, the Central and South American States and all the European and Oriental nations will send their agents and exhibitors.

The Navy Department Building Fired by an Incendiary

A careful examination of the cellar of the Navy Department shows that combustible materials had been placed so as to fire the building. [illegible] and waste [illegible] were found [illegible] with oils [illegible] kindling wood. It is believed that the fire in the [illegible] building of [illegible] was the [illegible] of an incendiary.

Reduction of Expenditures

[illegible] Committee of the [illegible] for the [illegible] expenditures [illegible].

An Address from Colored Citizens

The National Committee of the Civil Rights [illegible] (colored) present [illegible] address to the Senate Committee on Judiciary [illegible] the passage of the Senate bill in its entirety and the admission of colored persons to all the schools, hotels, public conveyances, etc.

The Naval Committee's Report

The Senate Naval Committee to-day [illegible] the report of the sub-committee recommending that the navy yards at Washington, Philadelphia and New London be abolished. The sub-committee's recommendation to abolish the Kittery Navy Yard was not agreed to. The committee also heard an argument from Hon. Samuel Shellabarger on the general subject of procuring materials for ship building with especial reference to the proposition of a [illegible] company for the establishment of ship building [illegible] on the Atlantic coast and Mississippi Rivers.

The Committee on Appropriations

The House Committee on Appropriations received oral explanations of Supervising Architect Potter in regard to various estimates heretofore made for public buildings. They also heard Senator Morrill of Vermont on the subject of appropriations for the extension of the Capitol grounds.

Financial Matters

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. The Post says it is reported but the report cannot be confirmed that the Treasury has so far extended its contract with the Rothschilds-Seligman Syndicate as to cover $20,000,000 of the new five-twenties and that on Friday the Secretary will call in $20,000,000 of the five-twenties interest on which is to cease Feb. 1.

NEBRASKA.

Fallen, Fallen, Fallen

OMAHA, Jan. 27. The thermometer has fallen 28 degrees during the past 24 hours, with indications of still colder weather.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Ice Bridge.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27th. Another ice bridge was formed on East River last night from 11 o'clock till nearly 2 this morning. A few people crossed on the ice and the Fulton, Wall st. and South ferries to Brooklyn ceased running. They resumed, however, at daylight, and although the rivers on both sides of the city are to-day completely covered with ice, the ferry boats make passages at lengthy intervals. Few vessels without steam venture into either river as they would be cut through by the ice.

An Injunction Continued.

Judge Daniels of the Supreme Court has rendered a decision continuing the temporary injunction heretofore granted restraining the Quicksilver Mining Company from issuing any new preferred stock.

Burned to Death.

Owen Gahahan was burned to death this forenoon, while trying to save a sewing machine from his burning house. He had previously saved his wife and four children.

Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris.

Quite a number of people including Col. Fred Grant and several leading politicians, welcomed Mrs. Sartoris, President Grant's daughter, on her arrival here to-day. She and her husband leave for Washington to-night.

Rapid Transit Scheme.

A large meeting of business men was held to-day for the purpose of devising means of building a rapid transit road independent of State legislation. The plan adopted was to form a joint stock company of business men of this city, with shares of one thousand dollars each. One hundred thousand dollars was pledged in support of the scheme.

TENNESSEE.

What Andy Johnson Says.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. Andy Johnson is reported as saying yesterday that "He should go to the Senate with no feeling of personal hostility to any one, but with a large affection for and more intensified devotion to the great landmarks that have been the guide of his country through every ordeal." "I have," said he, "but few years to live, and, God being my helper, the balance of my life shall be devoted to the weal and prosperity of the country which I have loved from my infancy more than life. I would rather be a Senator of Congress from Tennessee and have the endorsement of its people than to be elected President of the United States. I have stood by the Constitution as President, and have tried to mete to all, both North and South, equal rights under that instrument. That was the chief end of my administration."

ARKANSAS.

Attempt to Capture the James Boys—A Child Killed and the Mother Wounded

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. An Arkansas City dispatch says a party attempted to capture the notorious James boys yesterday morning before daylight. They were at their mother's house in the woods and the party set it on fire and threw a hand grenade through the window when it exploded killed an eight-year-old child, cutting off an arm of the mother and wounding two other persons. The boys evidently went out to fight the assailant and all retreated to the woods, but as to the final result nothing is yet known as none of the parties can be found.

SENATORIAL MATTERS.

The West Virginia Democrats Fail to Agree

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27. A special from Charleston, West Virginia, says the Senatorial caucus held to-night was a failure. Henry C. Walker received 28 votes which was 11 short of a nomination. Another caucus will be held.

New Jersey Elects Randolph

TRENTON, Jan. 27. The two houses of the Legislature met in joint session to-day and elected T. F. Randolph, United States Senator, over Geo. M. Robeson, by a vote of 44 to 31.

Carpenter Ahead,

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 27. The ballot for United States in joint convention of the Legislature to-day resulted as follows: Carpenter [illegible], Bragg [illegible], Scattering 78.

A Few Candidates in Florida

TALLAHASSEE, Jan. 27. There were two ballots in the Legislature for United States Senator to-day. Twenty-one candidates were voted for, the highest number of votes cast for any one candidate being 13, necessary for a choice 39.

ILLINOIS.

A Contested Election Case Settled

CHICAGO, Jan. 27. In the contested election case of Ward Republican against Harrison, Democrat, in the Second Illinois Congressional District, the contestant has withdrawn on account of the ballots having only served to increase Harrison's majority.

The Planing Mill Owners

The planing mill owners from New England, New York, Michigan, Missouri, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota who held here to-day to agree upon a plan of action to protect members from the claims of owners of the Woodbury pressure bars. The meeting was private, but is understood that a satisfactory plan was agreed upon.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Mills Shut Down

MILFORD, Jan. 27. Morse, Kelley & Co's knitting, cotton mills stopped business to-day for want of water and remain until a thaw. The [illegible] drawn from the pressure [illegible].

AFFAIRS IN LOUISIANA.

Ex-Governor Wells Testimony Before the Congressional Committee

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 27. Ex-Governor Wells testified to the Congressional Committee yesterday that the polls of Rapides Parish were thrown out by him because [illegible] stating that all the officers there were White Leaguers. He [illegible] the [illegible] in Rapides Parish. He stated that [illegible] against him [illegible] Kellogg & McEnery difficulty.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28—1 A. M.

Probabilities

For New England falling barometer, [illegible] temperature, winds shifting to easterly and southerly, increasing cloudiness and snow, except possibly rain on the southern portion.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Bright's Address Criticised

LONDON, Jan. 27. The Marquis of Hartington made a speech at Lewes to-night. He alluded to Bright's address at Birmingham, and said he could not agree to the views it advanced in favor of disestablishment of the Church of England. He declared that it was evident the British people were not prepared for such a great change in the Church and Government.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

More Rioters Arrested

ST. JOHN, Jan. 27. A dispatch from Caraquette, Gloucester county, says that twenty-two men arrived to-day to assist the rioters who took part in the demonstration against Hon. Robert Young on Monday last on account of his action in favor of the Government school act. Thirteen of the rioters were arrested. John Gifford one of the Sheriff's party while in the execution of his duty at Andre Albert's house, was killed. One of the rioters is reported killed and another wounded. The party in Albert's house have all been made prisoners.

FRANCE.

A Flood

LONDON, Jan. 27. The Times' Paris dispatch says there is a flood in the river Seine and the water still rising. It is so high that steamboats cannot pass under the bridges and have ceased running. The towns in the environs are covered with water to the depth of three feet.

SPAIN.

Preparing for a Movement against the Carlists.

LONDON, Jan. 27. A dispatch to the News says preparations have been made by the Spanish troops for a movement against the Carlists in the event of Alfonso's proclamation calling for submission proving ineffectual. Forty thousand troops are massed together around Tafalla for an attack upon the main Carlist position at Puenta La Reyna and Cañascula commanding route to Pamplona. Alfonso will participate in the operations of his troops.

CUBA.

Shot—Groceries Attacked—A Raid—Fears and Small Pox.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. Havana advices of the 21st, state that a Spanish captain was shot by order of court martial, in the presence of all the forces and people of Peurto Principe. The Spanish troops attacked the groceries at Manzanillo but the merchants and volunteers defended the citizens and several were killed on both sides. The town of Mayarant was recently fired during a raid of Cubans and six volunteers were killed. Fears are entertained in Havana that the Cubans will burn all the sugar estates in Sinco Villas. The small pox is raging all over the place.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Count Henri VonArnim has arrived at Nice.

The ice gorge at Wheeling broke Tuesday night, sinking two steamers.

The losses to the business men of Marysville, California, by the flood, amount to $165,675.

Subscriptions are being made in Ottawa, Canada, for the sufferers by the grasshopper plague.

A London despatch says Prince Leopold's physicians report a still further improvement in his condition.

A large citizens' committee has been raised in Lowell, Mass., to obtain by subscription and otherwise the proposed fund of $15,000 for the relief of the destitute in that city.

The Carlists positively deny that they have entered into negotiations with the Alfonsists for a convention.

Army chaplains are ordered to keep a record of all baptisms, marriages and funerals at which they have or may in future officiate.

Advices from China say that the grandson of Prince Tau uncle of the deceased Emperor, will, probably succeed to the throne.

The Secretary of the Treasury asks for a million and a half dollars to complete the buildings for the State, War and Navy Departments.

The trial of Joseph Casey, one of the poll tax forgers of San Francisco, resulted in a verdict of guilty with a recommendation for mercy.

The London Globe says that the government has adopted a system of torpedoes for the defence of the harbor of Bermuda and the port of Halifax.

A meeting of women, held in St. Louis Tuesday evening, chose delegates to attend the State Constitutional Convention and claim a representation.

King Kalakaua and suite arrived at San Francisco Tuesday night. They will leave for Honolulu on the flagship Pensacola about the first of February.

John Roach the iron steamship builder, denies that he is or has been or can be in any financial difficulties, reports or rumors to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senate Naval Committee agree to the recommendations of the sub-committee, that the naval hospitals at Philadelphia, Annapolis and Washington should be abolished and those at Chelsea Brooklyn and Norfolk retained. The full report will be submitted to the Senate to-morrow by Senator Sargent, by whom it was prepared, as one of the sub-committee that visited and inspected the Atlantic coast navy yards last summer.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Monetary Quotations

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. MONEY [illegible] per cent. Gold closed at 113[illegible]. STERLING EXCHANGE at [illegible]. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES [illegible] at the following quotations: [illegible]

New York Produce Market

[illegible]

Chicago Produce Market

[illegible]

LOCAL MATTERS.

[illegible] the station house for shelter last night.

The ice is on the Maine Central [illegible] nearly on time.

The [illegible] term of the State Agricultural College will begin on the 2d proximo.

The [illegible] of the second [illegible] of [illegible] will be given in Music Hall to-morrow night.

Bangor people did not appreciate the weather of yesterday sufficiently to-[illegible] the [illegible] place on record.

The putting in of the [illegible] works [illegible] machinery is being done as rapidly as possible but it is slow job at best.

Locomotive No. [illegible] on the [illegible] of the North American railway has [illegible] its butter beam in the snow-drift.

The public installation of St. Andrews Lodge occurs at [illegible] Hall to-night, to be followed by supper and [illegible] at [illegible] Hall.

There were [illegible] at this [illegible] city for the week ending Saturday [illegible] which is rather more than the average number.

[illegible] on the European and North American railway was disabled yesterday by accidentally cutting his foot with an axe.

The next number of the *College Reporter* published at Orono will be issued the [illegible] of next month enlarged from four to eight pages in size.

On the Bucksport and Bangor railroad [illegible] both up and down and back again. The [illegible] an extra trip was [illegible].

The Penobscot County Poultry Society will hold its annual meeting for the election of officers in the Common Council Room on Tuesday next.

At the [illegible] meeting of the Board of Aldermen, on Tuesday night, the yeas and nays as recorded [illegible] on the passage of the water bill as [illegible], and not on the amendment.

An attentive perusal of the local department will be rewarded with the discovery of an item or two about late trains and the snow blockade, which is about the only thing to record unless it be the [illegible] of several divorces yesterday.

Andrew J. Chadwick, of Bellington who was in the employ of E. S. Coe of this city as a scaler of lumber, died at the house of J. W. Bolton, of Frenchville, twelve miles below Fort Kent, last Tuesday evening. He was sick only two or three days.

The funeral of Samuel S. Smith, Esq., took place from his late residence on Ohio street, yesterday afternoon. There was a large attendance of friends, with delegations from societies of which Mr. Smith had been a member. The services were conducted by Professor Barbour.

Mr. Caldwell Sweet, formerly Sweet & Emery, burned out in the Main street fire, advertises that he will be ready to receive his friends this evening in his new store on Mason's Corner, No. 2 Main street. Whether there will be a free lunch of blue pills and mustard plasters is not stated.

ALABAMA CLAIMS. United States Commissioner Joseph Carr, Esq., is now hearing testimony of the owners, master and crew of the brig Dunkirk, destroyed by the rebel cruiser Alabama, October 7, 1873. The testimony is taken for presentation to the Court of Commissioners of the Alabama Claims.

PERSONAL. Sheriff Harding, Mr. Elder of the St. John *Telegraph*, and Mr. Marshall, all delegates from St. John to the Dominion Board of Trade, were in the city last evening on their way home; also Messrs. H. Gregory and H. Robertson, of the same city, the latter *en route* to England. J. C. Brydges, Esq., Manager of Government Railroads in the Dominion, was also in the city last evening, *en route* to St. John.

J. S. Rodlow, Esq., Superintendent of the Eastern Division of the Western Union Telegraph, arrived at the Bangor House last night.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING. The shooting galleries of this city are developing a tendency of late to select other targets than the ones usually provided for practice. The result is not only remunerative to the surgeons, but is also likely to prove so to the coroner and undertaker. Early last evening, as Kimball Means was standing outside the window of Knowles Gordon's shooting gallery, on Exchange street, a ball discharged from a weapon in the hands of Edward Fanning passed through the window glass and lodged in the cheek of Means. Fortunately it was extracted without serious injury, but it was hardly less than a miracle that he escaped with his life.

John E. Hamilton of Garland, was brought before Commissioner Hamlin on Wednesday, upon a complaint charging him with obtaining goods of his creditors within three months of the commencement of proceedings in bankruptcy against him, under the false color and pretence of carrying on business and dealing in the ordinary course of his trade and with intent to defraud his creditors. A hearing was had yesterday and the respondent was bound over to the Grand Jury of the United States District Court which sits at Portland the first Tuesday of February next. He gave bail in the sum of $1,000. D. F. Davis, for complainant and Hon. J. Crosby for respondent.

JAIL ARRIVALS. As stated in a previous [illegible] the sheriff of York county brought four prisoners to the Penobscot county jail on Monday of this week. Their names, residences and offences are as follows:

Daniel P. Wormwood [illegible] sentenced on two indictments to pay a fine of $200 and costs amounting to $42.23 or [illegible] months at labor [illegible].

Joseph Place, Biddeford, [illegible] fine $200 and costs amounting to $43.18 or five months in jail at hard labor.

Melvin Shepherd, Berwick, three months for larceny.

William H. Spellman, Biddeford, [illegible] from the prison two years at hard labor.

There was a fifth prisoner with the party when they started—Daniel Denton [illegible] of being a common seller—who escaped at Auburn [illegible] the city.

THE OLDTOWN CRUSADE. *Mr. Editor*: The ladies of the Oldtown Crusade wish to express to the Bangor friends who came to [illegible] to assist them on Monday evening their most hearty thanks for the best and most interesting [illegible] ever held in Oldtown. Now we hold that an army of such soldiers should lay siege to every city and hamlet in the [illegible]. They should carry the war into all surrounding towns until they have possession of the whole country. We would send out [illegible] with [illegible] until they have [illegible] or captured all the [illegible] and [illegible] and sellers. Our prayers [illegible].

Next Monday evening we have a [illegible] meeting conducted by our citizens. Monday February [illegible] will be addressed by the Hon. John [illegible] of Augusta.

THE AMATEUR MINSTRELS, as [illegible] ready been announced will give an entertainment in Granite Hall, Augusta on the [illegible] proximo. The *Kennebec Journal* speaking of the fact says:

At the earnest solicitation of many of our citizens, backed by the members of the Legislature from the Eastern part of the State, this popular troupe has engaged to give one performance at Granite Hall on Tuesday evening February 9th the proceeds to go to some benevolent object. We are glad of this and feel authorized to say that a large house [illegible] will be [illegible] Andrews Orchestra.

The proceeds of the entertainment are to be devoted to the Howard Benevolent Association. The troupe [illegible] for the occasion and will without doubt furnish an evening's entertainment that will be entirely satisfactory to the people of Augusta [illegible] performances [illegible] where [illegible].

LATE TRAINS. Trains on the European and North American railway [illegible] particularly [illegible] on the [illegible] snow blocking up the road so that it has been [illegible] to run on [illegible]. The passenger train which left St. John on Tuesday morning and was due in Bangor at [illegible] o'clock in the afternoon did not arrive until 10 o'clock yesterday morning, [illegible] to connect with the Maine Central. The Mattawamkeag freight train and the day freight on Tuesday only went as far as Oldtown and remained [illegible] yesterday. The Piscataquis train, Conductor Swett, which left here for Abbot at [illegible] a. m. Tuesday was also unfortunate, the engine going off the rails at the bridge in [illegible] Mills. The damage was not great as the delay for the train had got a [illegible] Milo train yesterday [illegible] [illegible] and snow plough [illegible] will reach [illegible] return to Bangor [illegible] St. [illegible] train [illegible] last night, and Superintendent [illegible] says that is the [illegible] to the history of the road.

UNION PRAYER MEETING. *Mr. Editor*: The attendance yesterday notwithstanding the cold was very large, the vestry [illegible] with an [illegible] of [illegible]. Several of the speakers referred to the recent death of well known citizens and appropriate hymns were sung. A noticeable feature was the large number of [illegible] in the [illegible] of religion on the part of persons who had for more than a quarter of a century lived in recognition of its claims and in possession of its hopes. The [illegible] so great unanimity on the part of the pastors and members of the different churches that it would be difficult for a stranger to learn that all were not members of the [illegible] church. There was a deal of good sense and truth in the remark of one of the speakers, a day before yesterday that the disunion of the churches had produced infidelity to him more than ever Hume and Voltaire, but now this union of the churches was preaching Christianity to him more effectually than ever before. The meeting was led by O. H. Ingalls Esq. There will be a meeting this afternoon at the same place—the Second Baptist Church, Columbia street, at half past 2 o'clock.

Business Items

W. D. Lewis has removed to his store No. 18 West Market Square.

MONEY AND SECURITIES. If you have occasion to buy or sell United States, State or City Bonds, Gold or Silver Coin, Coupons, Canadian Currency, Foreign Drafts or any marketable Stocks or Securities, deal with BOWLER & MERRILL, BANKERS, No. 142 Exchange street, Bangor. They have every facility for transacting business promptly and economically in this and other markets, and are amply responsible. For the investment of Trust Funds, &c. they offer *Municipal Bonds* of the best cities in the United States, paying SIX TO EIGHT per cent interest and it will surely be advantageous to investors to purchase from them. They discount Business Notes at current rates.

NEW GOODS, at the new store, No. 18 West Market Square, W. D. LEWIS.

Have you a Cough, Cold, Pain in the Chest, or Bronchitis? In fact, have you the premonitory symptoms of the insatiate archer "Consumption?" Know then that in [illegible] Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry [illegible] 50 cts and $1 a bottle, large bottles much the cheaper.

[illegible] TAGS.—We keep on hand an assortment of DENNISON'S TAGS, which we will print to order at very low prices.

Marine Journal.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

[illegible]

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

[illegible]

NOTICE TO MARINERS

[illegible]

MEMORANDA

[illegible]

DISASTERS

[illegible]

DOMESTIC PORTS

[illegible]

FOREIGN PORTS

[illegible]

TO LET.

[illegible]

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

Poultney, Vermont

Established in 1828

RUGGLES & CO., Proprietors

MACHINERY AND HEAVY CASTINGS.

[illegible] MACHINERY [illegible]

Orders Solicited

TITCOMB'S Excelsior Liniment

FOR MAN AND BEAST

[illegible]

TESTIMONIAL

[illegible]

Titcomb's Liniment

[illegible]

AS A HORSE LINIMENT

[illegible]

Price 75 Cents Per Bottle

W. L. ALDEN & CO.

Sole Agents for Bangor

H. TITCOMB, PROPRIETOR,

Augusta, Me.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of J. K. HARRIMAN & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The parties [illegible] arranged that Mr. HARRIMAN shall take the debts [illegible] and shall assume and pay all claims against the firm.

J. K. HARRIMAN
[illegible] W. CARTER

Bangor January [illegible] 1875

Parties indebted to said firm are requested to make payment within thirty days from date to the subscriber or their unpaid bills will be left for collection.

J. K. HARRIMAN

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the Bangor Edge Tool Company and [illegible] Yeaton is dissolved this day by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of S. R. Yeaton. The business will be continued and all the affairs of the firm settled, by the remaining partners.

BANGOR EDGE TOOL CO.
S. R. YEATON

December 22, 1874.

Caution.

Lost, a note, not dated, running from Allen C. Strout to Timothy Nye, for one hundred dollars. All persons are cautioned against purchasing said note as payment has been stopped.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LONGING.

BY ANNA G. BRACKETT.

I would I were an emblown rose
Close shutting leaves of green—
So shut that none had ever guessed
The color hidden in its breast
By blush of pink between.

Then when your face but turned my way
As now, the crumpled sheen
Of crimson, in a space away
Would tell the livelong summer day
Within, unheard, unseen,

But, when your footsteps nearer drew,
Would burst the green apart,
And petals flowing in the sun
Would cherishe is every one
The new life at my heart.

And fully spent of all the leagues,
You passed of sea or shore,
The clasp of calyx still should hold,
For everyone, there would unfold
One velvet petal more.

So, when at last, no space between,
Your own from mine you broke,
And in your hand my perfect grace
Per chance you lifted to your face,
Although no word you spoke—

Ah, then, indeed, the petals all
Down to the dewy sweet might fall
Before you as you went,
An life, perchance, your finger feet
Might find for it on the way more sweet,
Of all I were all content.

For so meet take the one lost word
That touched my thirsty quest,
Might treasured be, changed, silver heard,
And that were treasure!

—(*Harper's Magazine for February*

TOLD ON CHRISTMAS EVE.

(Continued.

CHAPTER II.

"LAY THEM BY."

Mr. Silver, in his icy rage, strode out into the moonlight at a sharp pace, taking the direction of the lake. The scene he had just witnessed, the knowledge that had burst upon him, filled his whole soul with the intensest wrath. For years and years it had been his darling wish to see his son and niece united; not more for the sake of uniting the large fortune of the Brothers Silver, than because he so loved Violet.

He loved his son with a great love, and he coveted Violet for him. There had been another son once that he "was not," one many years older than Charles; Charles alone remained to him, and on him was concentrated all his affections. Just at this moment when success crowned his wishes, for his brother Arnold had this very self-same evening given consent to the marriage—it was maddening to find his alabaster fabric of hope dashed to the ground by the glancing wing of the bright little creature who had flitted self opportunely across his path. "Why," he said to himself, as his black shadow swiftly traversed the pearly light, bathing the emerald slope of the lawn, "I could crush her with a touch! And yet I foresee as certain as a conflict which begins with a shudder in the desert, and perhaps as hopeless! Charles, too! But I don't blame him. She has bewitched him! I wish she had never come here!"

A grim smile darkened rather than brightened his majestic face, and he closed his eyes upon the fine curves of the resolute mouth, lost in our dear bar, as unyielding as death itself. Onward he strode, his step fleeter and more fierce.

"Daisy Leighton must be got rid of," he mutted slowly. "I have never yet taken life of my will yet to mortal, and it would be strange indeed if the telly of a boy and girl should turn me aside from the purpose of my life—that of joining the house and fortune of my brother with my own. Yes! I must disclose to Arnold what I have discovered, and get him to deport some other home for her."

He marched path led him through the grove of willows to the border of the lake. It was dark under here, the trees hid the moon. Mr. Silver was no longer angry. He had taken his rage by the throat and planted his foot upon it, after the fashion he had followed with fierce results in his busy life. He was even a little amused with himself for his brief passion. "One would almost imagine it a thing of consequence," he said to himself, "the poor young simpletons! It is only boy and girl fancy."

Passing into the screen of drooping willow boughs he was about to step downward to the little pebbly, glistening with the golden sand under the moonbeams, when, as though sunning in another dress back into the impenetrable shade of the willow-trees, from which his fierce gleaned as though he had in every. All his fierce anger had gathered again, it utterly nearly paralyzing him. But for this he would inadvertently revealed himself, his haughty spirit spurned the idea of spying on the actions of others.

A sight he trembled on the edge of the water lower down, partially shaded by the overhanging willow branches. In it stood a man, young and handsome, as it seemed to him—a man with a black beard and mustache, which was contrasted out from the shore. Mr. Silver looked, it freed itself from the tiny leaves, and tossed on the long, purple, velvet shoots of the lake. The man turned his dark handsome face his listeners eyes to the shore.

"Goodby, lass, goodby," he said in a low and cautious voice, and with cold and kissed both his hands to him, her deep eyes radiant her rose lips quivering and smiling. It was Violet Silver!

"Au revoir, not goodby," she whispered.

She turned and fled quickly toward the house, her golden tide and long white dress drifting out behind her like vapor. And the man, with a long, powerful stroke of his oar, swept along under the bank, and turned in the sharp curve there, was lost to sight.

Aurelius Silver drew a heavy breath, which alone seemed to ease the muscles of his vast chest. A complexion that art could wish, to one glance, his one could hardly fail to read his moods, unless indeed his actions was prompt, vigorous, and inspiring. And of all men who ever bore the golden prize from the hand of fortune, Aurelius Silver knew how to be inspiring to others and to himself. He had rarely done a generous deed that he had never done a dishonorable one. Some natures resemble masses of grim rock threaded with veins of gold, but to the cold walls of which no tender parable clings, no vine of fancy connects them with the warmth and sunshine of human life. Mr. Silver neither gave nor expected sympathy. He had his virtues, but they were of the high Roman sort. He was honorable, he was temperate, he was courageous. The hidden fire which, lurks in man, as in nature, was there, but it neither brightened his life nor that of others.

"So!" he said, with a deep breath, "Violet!"

The expression of his face boded but little good toward the girl. She was the only creature he had permitted himself to love. Charles excepted, and for the very reason that she was dear to him, he absolutely hated her in this moment when he found her young spirit had freed itself from the shackles of his will.

Turning to the left, he walked along the edge of the bank. The strip of beach below dwindled to a mere golden thread. The lake was very deep just here. Aurelius Silver glanced back at his brother's house. Against the lighted in the drawing-rooms beyond the rose garden, the fountain threw up its diamond spray; and against it again, a little black form seemed to be rushing down frantically like a phantom. It was Daisy Leighton. She was coming toward where Mr. Silver stood; and all his dreadful anger was again roused as he recognized her.

It all passed in a moment. Whether the girl could not stop herself in time, whether her foot slipped at the bank's edge, or whether in her uncontrollable passion she flung herself forward could not be told; but there she was, in the lake below, just beneath Aurelius Silver.

One wild cry, one glimpse of her ghastly little face and flashing eyes; one short, sharp struggle with the treacherous water; and then all was still as before, save that widening rings of silver chased each other out across the lake, and drove its waters lapping in sudden life over the halt of sand.

A mighty shudder ran through the vast frame of Aurelius Silver. He was a strong swimmer; what aided him that he made no effort to save the distraught from the grave she had fallen into? In that moment, a demon spoke to his soul. "Oh, man, why trouble thyself? Fate has crushed this one obstacle out of thy path. Make her evil thy good."

Was there a despairing voice abroad, sighing through the pines, and across the purple, silver-crested swells of the lake, sighing over the sudden fall of him who had walked well among men from the high throne of his boasted honor? Were the stars changed to orbs of fire and blood, as his burning eyes turned towards them?

With his silver hair lifting itself from his head, with a hand of fire grasping his heart, with his eyes that saw and ears that heard not, Aurelius Silver turned away from the lake.

CHAPTER III.

"LORD, KEEP MY MEMORY GREEN!"

An old stone house standing outside a town at least a hundred miles away from the beautiful Summer villa of Arnold Silver. A house standing back from the highway and flanked with great trees, and weird-looking as those in Gustave Doré's picture of the "Hewing of the Cedars for the Temple." The mansion itself lay square, massive, low-browed; its walls were of granite, with that faint suggestion of rose and aqua-marine flowing through the stone which renders some of these old buildings so mellow and picturesque. The windows were small and formal, the chimneys standing up against the sky, corbled and hooded like hermits on a mountain top, and from the great eaves, giant lances of diamond, the handiwork of the fairy armorer of King Frost, were hanging like the spears of Titans in some enchanted land. A carriage drive swept round from the great gated dark sombre bronze to the stone step, guarded on either side by a stone lion rampant, of an amiable, not to say benevolent aspect. A hall door of polished oak stood hospitably open in the Winter's sun.

This was the home of the elder brother, Aurelius Silver. It was the custom of the two families to spend the Winter together here, and the Summer at the villa of the younger, Arnold.

But they had quitted the villa earlier than usual this year. There was a certain night in August that had struck its fantastic with perplexity, if not terror. Margaret Leighton—or Daisy, as they fondly called her—had disappeared. After a quarrel with Charles—he had confessed to that—she tore from him in a little tempest of fury. Only to the garden, as he supposed, to cool herself by the fountain, or amid the roses, but she had never come back again. From that mysterious hour she had disappeared. Charles and Violet had remained together in the drawing room talking, and waiting for her to make her appearance, how long they scarcely knew. But she did not come. Mr. Arnold Silver had gone to the twilight from the dinner table that night, not being well. Mr. Silver (Aurelius) had chanced to take a long contemplative walk that night, the night was so fine that it tempted him; he told them when he came in—and that was not until long upon midnight. Where was Daisy, they asked him—for Charles and Violet had taken up the notion that the two absent ones must be strolling about together. Daisy, report of Mr. Silver, at the question—what should he know about Daisy? But that he caught the same startled in regard to her, with evident, for his face turned strangely pale.

Well, from that hour no trace of Daisy had been found. The family and the servants were searching about all night, Charles in a distracted state, but they did not find her. They never had found her. What her fate has could not be conjectured with any certainty, some thought she had run away, others, case due fears toward the lake. Aurelius Silver never enlightened them, nor told a tint of the grave secret the lake might have disclosed.

And when all search was abandoned as hopeless, they had quitted the villa, which seemed so sacred full of disquiet, for the distant Winter mansion. And the week had gone on, and it was Christmas Eve. Little more had been said about the union of the two cousins, even Mr. Silver no longer pressed it.

In the dining-room of this the old house sat Violet Silver, making wreaths of holly and ivy.

Violet sighed as she worked. The girl's face was changed in some subtle way since that night we saw her by the fountain. A shade more pensive, a thought less radiant, the eyes deeper in expression, the lips parting less readily in laughter and speech; such was the change. The same change, but intensified a hundred-fold, was reported in Charlie Silver's countenance. He sat near her, watching in silence her long, gypsy fingers as they twined the emerald sprays into a long, clustering wreath, decked here and there with the fire of scarlet berries, day from beneath the white drifts of the woods.

His face was decidedly changed. The features were sharper, the glance of the eye deeper, the line of the mouth and chin more resolute and decided. The fair curls had lost their Violet's, and developed more into a resemblance to Aurelius Silver. Yet, with this change, though, retaining what was finest and boldest in the elder face, softening the cold and commanding expression which gleamed coldly in its large and stern eyes.

There were lines in Charlie's broad brow, four months previously he had hardly looked 18 years; now he looked to be twenty-one.

"Charlie, how pale you are!" said Violet, breaking a long pause. "Hand me some more sprays of holly please. There, how do you like my wreath?"

"Very well," said Charlie, listlessly, observing the manicate. "What a pretty idyl of Christmas Eve you make, Violet," he added looking at her. "You have a gracious beauty who to you, such as the "Spirit of the day should Love."

"Thanks! I like compliments," said Violet, very sincerely. "You are so generous, indeed, as I am Charles, and this wreath is destined to frame our great-grandmother yonder. How droll she looks in that powdered wig and brocaded dress, simpering at her wooly rock. What flourishing blocks of Arcadia those dear old people must have lived in!"

The wreath was finished. Charles Silver rose, and for some steps and mounting to fasten the wreath round the massive old frame of the portrait, which hung over the carved mantle-piece. Violet drew by to watch him. There was an unusual paleness in both of them to-day, for they were about to separate. She resumed her seat, and began another wreath.

"I always detest the perfume of this withering wood," she exclaimed impatiently, as Charles came back to his chair. "Do you know, if Uncle Aurelius hadn't developed an extraordinary enthusiasm for Christmas decorations, I should not have had the heart to undertake them this year."

"I can imagine that," said Charles, quietly.

"You going away is the worst of all, Charles."

"It is very pleasant to know that I shall come to think kindly and lovingly of one who I am away," he observed. "I can quite understand that quaint old prayer, 'Long, long may memory green!'"

"Oh, Charlie!" said Violet, with startled eyes, "you speak as if you never meant to return! Surely you are not going from us with the idea in your mind—"

"Think of your father."

"Think of yourself, you mean, Violet," he answered, sadly. "I cannot control fate, child. An impression seems to fix on my mind that I may never return."

"Why, why, oh! why do you go?"

"I must go, Violet; I cannot rest here. Every hour I am reminded of *her*. There's nothing for me but change. Heaven above knows how I loved her, and what her strangeness has been to me!"

"Violet's hot tears fell on the wreath. But she dashed them away with her hand, and looked at him hopefully.

"Time," he said, will bring its cure. You are so very young, Charlie!"

"Not too young to keep my memory green!" he said, repeating his words softly. "In time, in time, I may come back again, dear. You will be happy with them, with children about your knees."

He rose as he spoke and left the room, wishing her good-by until dinner-time. She worked on until her wreath were finished, and then sent up to her chamber carrying some sprays of holly with her that her maid was to dispose of on her white dinner dress.

But Violet was very restless. She knew why. A task, which she had undertaken, was to be performed that evening; and she knew not whether it would turn out for good or for ill.

"I had thought to have Daisy with me this Christmas," she sighed softly to herself. "Oh, what has become of her? Is she in death or in life?"

Her thoughts were becoming painful. Quitting her chamber, she went down stairs again. The great square hall had its Christmas decorations of green wreaths and holly-berries, and was flooded with the crimson firelight from its wide hearth. Violet drew back into the shade to admire the effect of the decorations, which had been done by the servants.

Suddenly the house was startled by a shriek, and a cry, and a fall. Servants and others rushed into the hall where it came, and there found Violet. She lay on the floor, like an image of snow, perfectly unconscious, a look of intensest horror frozen on her lovely face.

"I never knew her to faint before," said Arnold Silver, quaking in every limb, as Aurelius lifted her from the ground and carried her into the dining-room. "My darling! what can have happened?"

"Nothing," said Aurelius, quietly. "Because she never has fainted, there is no reason why she should now do so. Violet has not scared herself of late."

He laid her very tenderly and gently on a couch, touching her cheek caressingly with his fingers as he did so.

"She is reviving," he said quietly.—"Stand back, Arnold. Give her air."

"My precious one, what was it?" questioned her father. "Were you alarmed at anything?"

"Oh! father, I don't know what it was," wailed Violet. "—I think I must have fallen into a dream. If you will take me up to my room I'll lie down till dinner-time."

Arnold Silver took her, and charged her maid not to leave the chamber.

(To be Continued.)

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Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most remedies, but loosens it, cleans it out, and allays irritation, thus removing the causes of the complaint.

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Executors' Notice.

The subscribers hereby give public notice to all concerned, that they have been duly appointed and have taken upon them the trust of Executors of the last will and testament of

CHAPIN HUMPHREY, late of Bangor,

in the county of Penobscot, deceased, by giving Bond as the law directs. They request persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to them.

MOSES GOODNOW, } Executors.
Bangor, Dec. 29, 1874. 1

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

The Commissioners of the insolvency on the estate of Francis M. Weymouth, late of Newport, having made return of the Warrant to them issued for this purpose, together with their judgment thereon,

ORDERED, That notice be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of Joanna R. Purinton, widow of James A. Purinton, late of Orland, in said county, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed.

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of Thomas H. Getchell, of Bangor, in said county, principal executor of Rose Sigourney, late of said Bangor, deceased, that the administration of the estate of said deceased may be granted to him, said Getchell.

ORDERED, that said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of Rachel H. Tebbets, of Bangor, in said county, creditor of Mercy L. Grant, late of said Bangor, deceased, that the administration of the estate of said deceased may be granted to John Varney, of said Bangor.

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of Harriet Robins, widow of Nathan R. Robins, late of Hodgdon, in said county, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed.

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot:

The undersigned, administrator of the estate of James O. Donahue, late of Bangor, in said county, deceased, respectfully represents that the goods and chattels, rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration.

Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant him a license to sell, at public or private sale, and convey the homestead of said deceased, situated on the corner of Hancock and Salem streets, Bangor, of the real estate of the deceased, including the reversion of the widow's dower therein, to satisfy said debts, expenses of sale, and charges of administration.

B. F. ADAMS.

Nov 11, 1874.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register. 1

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot:

The undersigned respectfully represents that she is executrix of the will of Elijah Wyman, late of Newport, in said county, deceased; and that she has settled her final account of administration of the estate of said Elijah Wyman, and prays to be discharged from said office and trust, there being no reasonable cause to the contrary, and that it will not be detrimental to the estate of those interested therein.

SOPHIA J. WYMAN.

Dec 29, 1874.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy of the petition and order thereon
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register. 1

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1874.

Accounts having been filed for settlement in the estates of—

WALTER EMERSON, Bangor,
Aaron F. Emerson, Admr.
SIMEON PARKMAN, Dexter, (Exr. and private)
George W. Johnson, Exr.
FRANCIS M. WEYMOUTH, Newport, (Admrs. and private),
Levi B. Burrell, Admr.
JOHN H. LYNDE, Bangor,
Mary F. Lynde, Admx.
EDWARD SMITH, Orrington,
Lydia W. Smith, Admx.
ARCHELAUS D. ATWOOD, Orrington,
Anna A. Atwood, Exr.
ALBERT D. HILL, Exeter,
Elizabeth D. Hill, Admx.
CHARLOTTE OSGOOD, Bradford, (Admrs. and private),
Levi B. Osgood, Admr.
BRADBURY ROBINSON, Corinth,
James Knowles, Admr.
STEPHEN RAMSDELL, Garland,
George Ramsdell, Exr.

ORDERED, That said accountants give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, and one insertion in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, newspapers published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy.—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, 1874.

John Dow named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Caroline C. Gray, late of Plymouth, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate,

ORDERED, That said Executor give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:
AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register. 1

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.

NINTH YEAR.

Death Losses, 3.56 per each 1,000 Policies, All Grades.

BEST GRADE, ONLY 1 LOSS PER 1000.

Average in all Companies (1873, Mass. Report), 11.9. Highest, 18.00. Lowest, 6.00.

Other year of the Marvellous Solar tide results of the application of the principles of

BIOMETRY,

Or the Measure of Life.

What is That?

It is the science and art of predicting the probable length of life of a person—deducing it from his *Ancestry, Constitution* (the measure in size, form, color, and function of its various parts, being the signs and *Education*), *Habits, Occupation, Residence, Intelligence, Instincts, Health, Age*, and whatever else, if else there be, which can affect the potentialities of life.

By the application of this science, Life Risks are graded and rated as in Fire and Marine Insurance, and thus, and only thus, can

EQUITY TO ALL CLASSES,

AND THE

Lowest Cost of Premiums

TO THE

BEST GRADES,

With the perfect security afforded by

Lowest Cost. Perfect Security.

TERM-LIFE (LABOR-TERM) INSURANCE,

"NATURAL-PREMIUMS."

What is That?

It is adopted to secure to a family, in case of the decease of the bread winner during the period of his yearly wealth of that labor.

"Natural Premium" is the true plan of "pay the yearly cost," or "pay as you go," and put nothing into a company which, both in the amount of cost and security, may better be kept by the assured.

The TWO SCIENTIFIC INVENTIONS here are specifically applicable only by the

AMERICAN POPULAR LIFE-INSURANCE COMPANY.

The idea of GRADING AND RATING Life Risks cannot be applied by any other company already started, since, if it should adopt the method of grading, the *best risks* now insured in it would of course drop their present policies to take out better ones, to wit, at the lower premiums to which *they* are entitled, but the inferior risks would stay, and pay the premiums so much less than they ought to be for them.

The Plan of *Term Life "Natural Premium"* is not applied by the other companies, because, as they say, they would not, on their "average" plan of taking all insured persons at the same premiums, get enough to cover the expense of their numerous losses.

Hence, all other companies "make facts" at the American Popular, and "call names," about which it does not care a *fig*, if it can only, as it does, secure the approbation of the scientific and thoughtful, and the patronage of the probably long lived.

W. A. BARTLETT,

W. S. BAKER,

General Agents.

No. 8 Wheelwright & Clark's Block,

BANGOR, ME.

Agents Wanted.

Dec 31, 1874. 4 tf

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E. A. CUMMINGS, Ass't Postmaster.
W. H. S. LAWRENCE, Cashier.

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On Sundays, from 12 to 1½ P. M.

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MAILS CLOSE.

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Piscataquis R. R.,	6 30	
Cherryfield and Machias,		3 00
Ellsworth,	11 30	3 00
Belfast,	6 00	
Bucksport,	7 00	
Hancock,	7 00	
Corinth and Charleston,		2 30
Garland and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		1 30
Amherst and Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon,		2 30

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	11 45	6 30
European Railway,		5 15
Piscataquis Railroad,		5 15
Ellsworth,	5 30	4 00
Cherryfield & Machias,	9 30	
Belfast,		8 00
Bucksport,		6 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	12 00	
Garland and Exeter,	11 00	
Bradford,	10 30	
Monroe,	10 30	
Amherst & Aurora,	12 30	
Hermon,	12 30	

LETTER CARRIERS

Letters are delivered free by carriers within a mile and a half of the Post Office, and those who live in the vicinity of the Post Office can have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on, and they will be delivered earlier if the same is put on at the office. Carriers make deliveries daily, the second trip supplying the boxes of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening in our business portion, the town is divided into four routes, and a carrier is assigned to each route. Letters for mailing will be taken at the office.

Sundays and holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 11 to 9½ A. M., and from 4 to 5 P. M.

Any irregularity on the part of Carriers should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

An additional charge will be made for printing name and request to return, upon the corner of the envelope, furnished by the Office Department. Envelopes of a quality not seen at the Cashier's window, will be charged at the rate of less than 50.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if undelivered within thirty days, may be printed, with the writer's name, post office and State, across the left end of the envelope, or the face thereof, with the complete address.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if undelivered within thirty days, may be printed on the envelope, or the face thereof, with the writer's name, post office and State, across the left end of the envelope, or the face thereof, with the complete address.

Stamped envelopes will be recommended to persons desiring to use them for returning letters, if not delivered to the person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

Blank envelopes of above furnished at $3 80 per thousand.

Stamps and Postal Stamped Envelopes

can be used to prepay postage. Stamps for sale at the office, in sums to suit purchasers.

Stamped envelopes, specially made to order, are furnished at the office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

All letters must be prepaid. Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents the half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents the half ounce or single rate.

NEWSPAPERS.

After January 1st, 1875, all regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the following rate per pound, for each issue of a Weekly paper or those published oftener than once a week, less frequently than once a week, 1 cent. The same law applies to dealers.

Weekly papers free within the county where issued, if not delivered by carrier, one cent each. Transient papers free within the county where published in Maine, if not delivered by carrier, one cent each, if delivered by carrier, one cent each.

Postage to Canada—Postage on books and other printed matter, including newspapers, can now be paid to the Canada Line.

BOOKS.

Not exceeding 2 ounces in weight, 1 cent.
For each additional 2 ounces or fraction, 1 cent.
Unpaid Circulars, 1 cent each.

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 1 cent.
Each additional ounce or fraction thereof, 1 cent.

UNPAID LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in one month thereafter, they are then forwarded to Washington.

MONEY ORDERS.

Depositors are invited to call and see the Money Order system, as cheap and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued for any sum from 1 to fifty dollars. Larger amounts can be transmitted by the same person at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES.

On orders not exceeding $20, 5 cents
" over $10 and not exceeding $30, 10 cents
" over $30 and not exceeding $40, 20 cents
" over $40 and not exceeding $50, 25 cents

Money Orders can now be obtained at England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Switzerland and German States.

Sent for Money Order in a Letter—Usual Process of Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. If upon points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be Registered. Money should never be sent in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From 9 A. M. to 6½ P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, or sent as Money Orders obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are committed with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full, and a Registration fee, as follows, to—

United States.
Great Britain and Ireland.
Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.
Germany and German Austrian Postal Union, embracing the German and Austrian States.

Letters cannot be registered to France, Portugal, Belgium or Holland.

Office Hours—From 9 A. M. to 6½ P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

*Argentine Republic, by Am. Packet,
" " " via Southampton,
" " " via San Francisco,
Australia,
*Austria, via England,
*Austria, via American Packet, 2d month,
Belgium, unpaid,
*Cape Good Hope,
*China,
*China, via England,
*China, via San Francisco,
*China, via Marseilles,
*China, via Southampton,
*China, via San Francisco,
*Colonies, British, via England (close mail),
*Colonies, British, via North German Union,
*Gibraltar,
Great Britain and Ireland,
Holland,
Honduras, British,
Italy, via England,
Japan, via Southampton,
Japan, via San Francisco,
Madeira, via England,
*Mexico,
*Montevideo, via England,
*Montevideo, via American Packet,
*Nassau, New Providence,
*Natal,
Netherlands,
New Brunswick,
New Brunswick, unpaid,
Newfoundland,
*New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama,
*Nicaragua,
Nova Scotia,
Nova Scotia, unpaid,
*Panama,
*Peru,
Porto Rico,
Portugal, via Southampton,
Roman or Papal States,
*Russia, via England,
*Russia, direct,
*Sandwich Islands,
*Spain, closed, via England,
*St. Thomas,
Switzerland, via England,
*Venezuela, via American Packet,
West Indies, British,
West Indies, not British, and all other foreign rates, will be found at Post Office.

Prepayment required.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers or all kinds except those of a character to be classed as letters, namely, those bearing marks of correspondence, such as dates, figures or signatures, 2 cents for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof.

Not over 1 ounce, 2 cents.
Over 1 ounce and not over 2 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 2 ounces, 6 cents each 2 ounces or fraction thereof.

Newspapers, 2 cents each.

THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

1875—VOL. XLII.

Daily Established 1834 Weekly 1815,

BOUTELLE & BURR, Proprietors.
C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

In announcing the Forty second Volume of this standard Newspaper, the Proprietors beg leave to state that during the past year they have incurred large expense in thoroughly refitting their establishment and are determined to spare no effort to maintain its high character as

The Leading Journal

OF

EASTERN MAINE.

We have now one of the best appointed newspaper offices in the State, have made important additions to our Editorial, Reportorial and Correspondence corps, and are in every way equipped to furnish our patrons with

FIRST CLASS DAILY NEWSPAPER.

With full news of our country, we hope to make this favorite newspaper more and reading than ever during the coming year. Our connection with the Associated Press, by which we receive the news of their despatches by night and day, enables us to present to our readers the

The Latest Telegraphic News from All Parts of the World.

In addition we shall be served by special correspondents at important points, and in all Eastern

Full Reports

of the proceedings of Congress, the State Legislature, meetings of Agricultural Societies and other public bodies, carefully corrected Financial and Market Reports, a reliable Shipping List, original and selected Stories and Poetry, a large amount of instructive and entertaining Miscellany, and the News full department of

News of This Section and the State.

In politics the paper will continue to adhere to and uphold the principles of the Republican party, while claiming to be independent in the highest and best sense of the word. While fearless and outspoken in its treatment of all public questions and firmly maintaining what it believes to be right, it will avoid bitterness and make its appeals to the understanding rather than to prejudice. The year about to open will be fruitful of political events of important bearing upon the future of the country, and it will be our aim to keep our readers thoroughly informed, and to favor such measures and men as we shall deem best calculated to promote the welfare of the people. The great objects to

AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURES

of Maine will receive special attention, and all the influence of the paper will be exerted in calculating the growth and prosperity of our beloved State. We rigidly exclude from our columns every line of a sensational character, avoid sensational topics, and aim to make a thoroughly reliable paper which will find

A Welcome in Every Family Circle.

To advertisers our columns are open during the best field in New England, our circulation being among the best classes of the people, and as

The Only Morning Daily East of the Kennebec.

this paper affords the principal medium of communication with a large and constantly increasing number of readers throughout Central and Eastern Maine, it offers the best of facilities for the coming year in

An Entirely New Dress,

full with all its best features retained and with such improvements as we trust will insure an increase of that support which it has hitherto received.

TERMS, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE:

$8 per annum; $4 for 6 mos.; $2 for 3 mos.

The new postal law compelling prepayment of postage, imposes a heavy burden on the Publishers, but we have decided to make no advance upon our established subscription price, and will send the paper

POSTAGE FREE.

Clubbing with Magazines.

Subscribers will be furnished with either our Daily or Weekly paper and any of the favorite Periodicals or Magazines at their lowest Club rates.

In offering these advantageous terms we hope to be sustained by a liberal patronage.

BOUTELLE & BURR,
Proprietors,
No. 1 Exchange Street, Bangor, Maine.

ALSO PUBLISHER